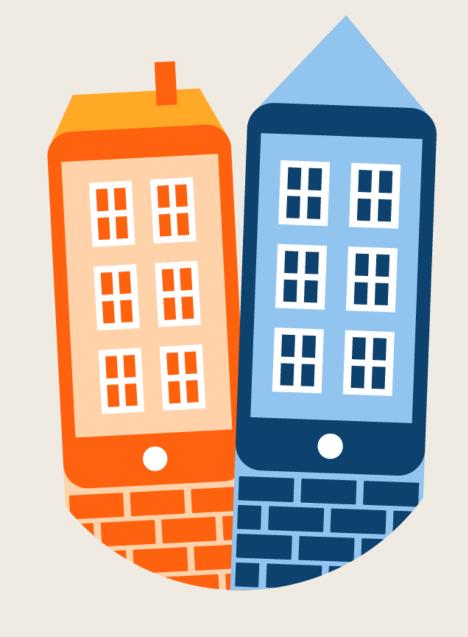


Investor presentation

SBAB Bank AB (publ)

Q2 2022



Executive summary



- 100% owned by the Kingdom of Sweden
- Swedish mortgage portfolio, predominantly residential mortgages (5th largest mortgage player in Sweden)
- Financial targets from owner covering profitability, capitalisation & dividend
- Total long-term funding for 2022 expected to be approximately SEK 90-100 bn

Total lending, SEK bn

Total deposits, SEK bn

SBAB!

booli

hittamäklare!

boappa!

9.9

Return on equity H1 2022

12.7%

CET1 capital ratio 30 June 2022

-0.01, 33.2,

Credit loss level H1 2022

C/I ratio H1 2022



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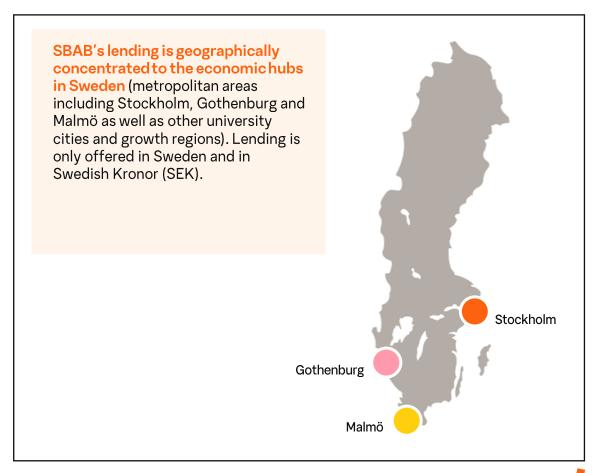
SVENSKT KVALITETSINDEX A part of EPSI Rating Group

Sweden's most satisfied customers

For the third consecutive year, SBAB had Sweden's most satisfied residential mortgage customers 2021 according to Swedish Quality Index (Svenskt Kvalitetsindex, SKI), which each year measures customer satisfaction in the banking and finance sector. Moreover, for the fourth consecutive year, SBAB also has Sweden's most satisfied customers in terms of property loans to corporates and tenantowners' associations.

Business overview

- Founded in 1985 & 100% owned by the Kingdom of Sweden
- Mortgage bank with >98% collateralized lending (SEK 491.3 billion)
- Straightforward business model (mortgage lending & savings) & customer operations only in Sweden
- 860 employees in five offices
- Two business areas;
 - Retail business area
 - Corporate Clients & Tenant-owners'
 Associations business area





SBAB assigns priority to four SDGs

The business sector, including SBAB, has an important role to play in achieving the SDGs within the 2030 Agenda. We have identified and chosen four of the 17 SDGs that we consider particularly important and relevant to our operations. The prioritised goals have been chosen based on extensive analysis in the form of internal workshops and ranking exercises within operations, the Executive Management and the Board, and today comprise an important and integrated part of our sustainable governance model.

Strategic objectives

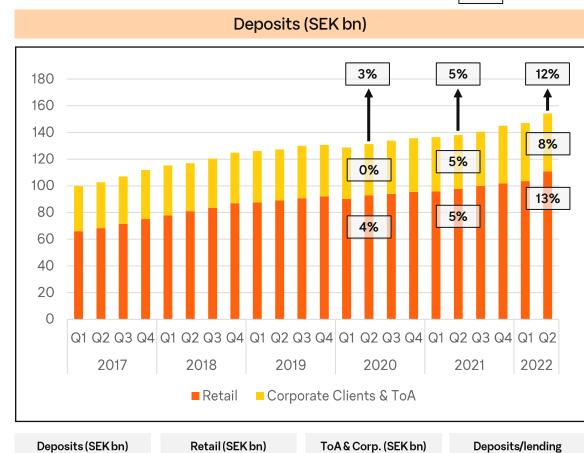
- Grow market shares over the coming years. Keep strong asset quality with low loan losses & problem loans
- Continue deposit growth in order to reduce reliance on wholesale funding
- Meet & exceed financial targets from owner;
 - Profitability (RoE > 10%)
 - Capitalisation* (CET1 > 0.6% above regulatory requirement from the Swedish FSA)
 - Dividend (40% of profit after tax)
- Ecosystem; creating a platform with value adding services relating to housing and household finances

^{*} In January, SBAB:s CEO decided to introduce a supplementary capital target for CET1 on group level. The target will apply from 28 February and means that over time, and under normal circumstances, SBAB will aim to maintain a buffer corresponding to 1-3 percentage points above regulatory requirements. The new target is a complement to the lower limit of 0.6 percentage points decided by the Board



Lending & deposits development





43

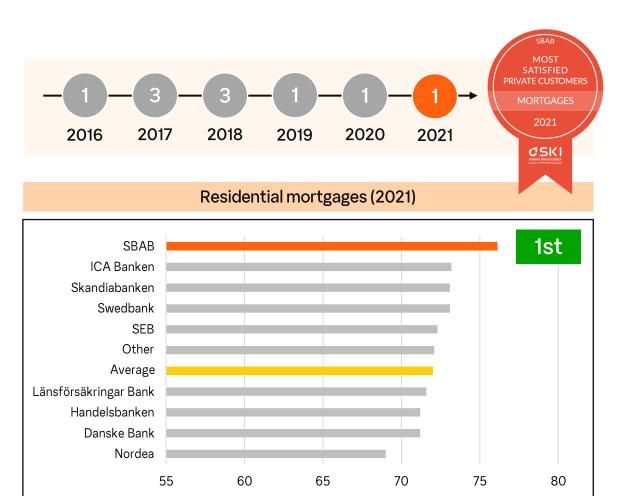
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154

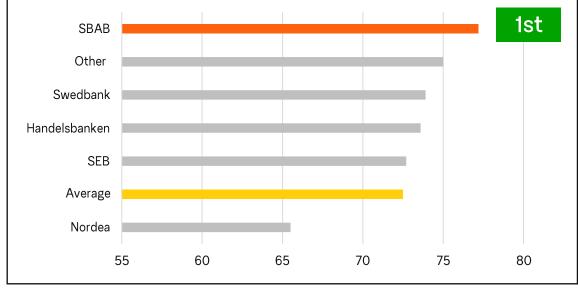
31%

= YoY growth

Customer satisfaction







SBAB's value proposition



Accessability

Residential mortgages online and over the phone, seven days a week, covering all circumstances.



Transparency

Fair prices and appropriate terms and conditions from the start.

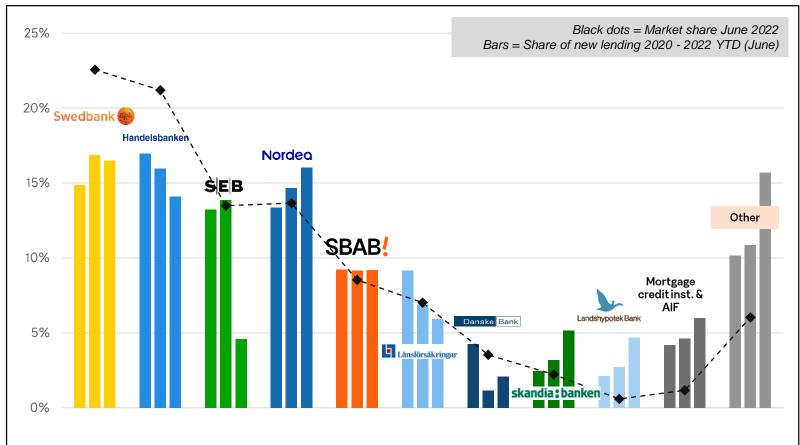


Consideration

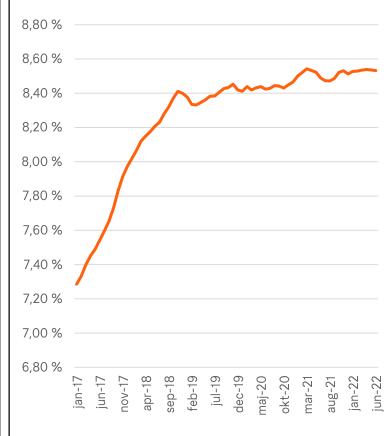
Housing specialists who care.

Mortgage market development (1/2)

Shares of net growth in the Swedish residential mortgage market 2020 - 2022 YTD (June)

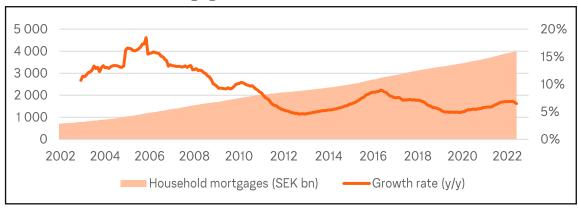


SBAB market share, mortgages (June 2022)



Mortgage market development (2/2)

Swedish household mortgages



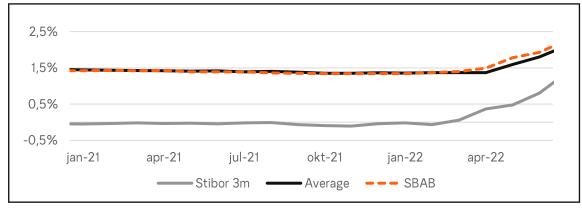
Gross margins on Swedish household mortgages



Swedish house price growth rate (y/y)

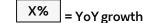


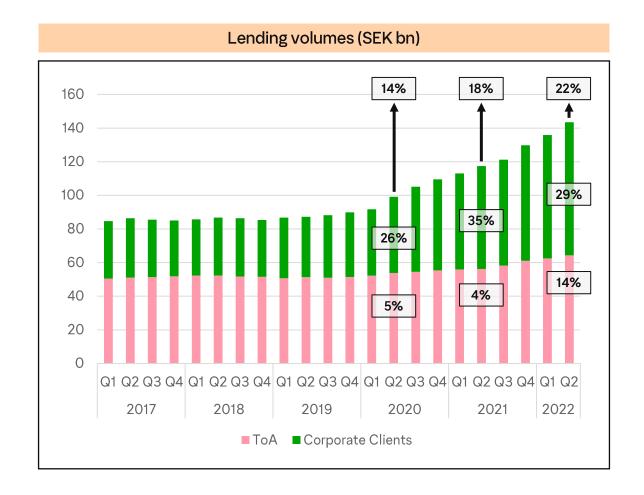
Development of actual 3M mortgage rate





Corporates & Tenant-own. Assoc.





Market shares, Corporate clients & ToA (June 2022)



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Financial summary Q2 2022

SEK mn	Q2 2022	Q1 2022	QoQ ▲
Net interest income	1,088	1,084	+0.4%
Net result financial transact.	21	-49	+70 mn
Expenses	-371	-358	+3.6%
Loan losses	-12	-17	+5 mn
Imposed fees (<u>new Q1 2022</u>)	-109	-113	-4 mn
Operating profit	641	573	+11.9%

Comment

- NII increase attributable to increased lending volumes, partly offset by lower margins
- Resolution fee moved from NII during Q1 2022 to new row/item in income statement ("imposed fees")
- Difference mainly due to value changes in hedging instruments and hedged items (as a result of volatile and changing interest rates on the financial markets)
- Continued investments for future competiviness according to plan (mainly IT, digitalisation & customer offering/experience/service)
- Lower growth pace than previous years
- Continued provisions in Q2 2022 (revision in impairment model) as a result of the changed market conditions
- Confirmed credit losses remained low and totalled SEK 1 million (2)
- New line item added in the income statement as per Q1 2022 (which includes new risk tax as well as the resolution fee)
- Risk tax amounted to SEK 65 million (65) and resolution fee SEK 44 million (48) for Q2 2022
- Operating profit increased almost 12%, primarily due to positive development of net result from financial transactions



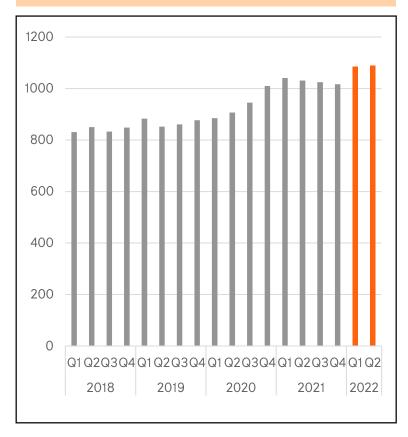
Overview of Q2 2022 and H1 2022 results

SEK million	Q2 2022	Q1 2022	A	Jan-Jun 2022	Jan-Jun 2021	A	Jan-Dec 2021	Jan-Dec 2020	A
Lending (SEK bn)	491.3	478.7	+2.6%	491.3	441.7	+11.2%	467.0	422.8	+10.5%
Deposits (SEK bn)	154.4	147.0	+5.0%	154.4	138.1	+11.8%	145.0	135.7	+6.9%
Net interest income	1,088	1,084	+0.4%	2,172	2,072	+4.8%	4,114	3,747	+9.8%
Net commission	11	13	-2 mn	24	14	+10 mn	29	-24	+53 mn
Net result financial transact.	21	-49	+70 mn	-28	-36	+8 mn	-71	-38	-33 mn
Costs	-371	-358	+3.6%	-729	-689	+5.8%	-1,492	-1,335	+11.8%
Loan losses	-12	-17	+5 mn	-29	5	-34 mn	11	-32	+43 mn
Imposed fees: Risk tax and res. fee	-109	-113	-4 mn	-222	-	-	-	-	-
Operating profit	641	573	+11.9%	1,214	1,391	-12.7%	2,641	2,361	+11.9 %
C/I ratio, %	32.7%	33.7%	-1.0 pp	33.2%	33.2%	0 рр	36.2%	35.8%	+0.04 pp
RoE, %	10.4%	9.5%	+0.9 pp	9.9%	12.0%	-2.1 pp	11.1%	10.8%	+0.3 pp
Loan loss ratio, %	-0.01%	-0.01%	0 pp	-0.01%	0.00%	-0.01 pp	0.00%	-0.01%	+0.01 pp
CET1 capital ratio, %	12.7%	13.1%	-0.4 pp	12.7%	13.1%	-0.4 pp	13.5%	13.4%	+0.1 pp

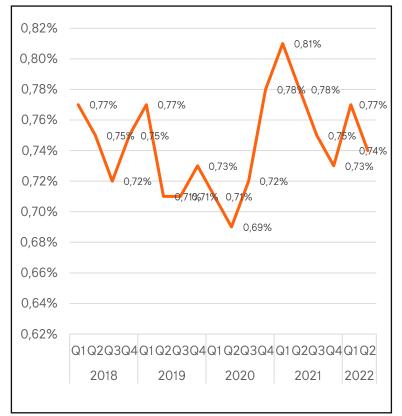
NII development

- Recurring income dominates SBAB's revenue stream & continued growth and stability in NII over time although some margin pressure expected ahead

Net Interest Income (NII) QoQ (SEK mn)



Net Interest Margin (NIM) QoQ (%)



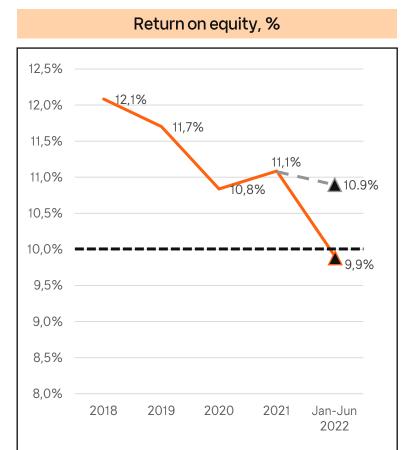
NIM calculated as net interest income in relation to total assets

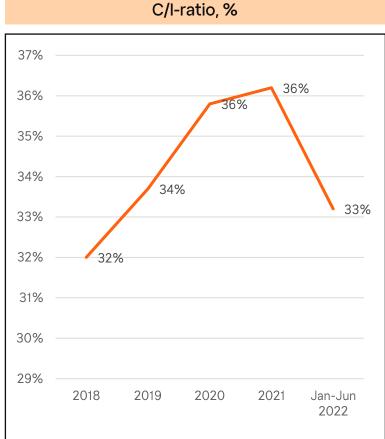
Comments

- NII and NIM affected by resolution fee (moved to new row in income statement as per Q1 2022)
- NII slightly higher QoQ attributable to increased lending volumes, partly offset by lower margins
- Additional pressure on mortgage margins expected ahead due to increased competition
- Stable lending margins expected for corporate lending and lending to tenantowners' associations

Financial KPIs

- Continued high-cost efficiency & competitive returns given SBAB's low risk business





Comments

- Competitive profitability and returns given SBAB's low risk business. Well above RoE target (>10%) last 5 years
- Continued strong underlying profitability during 2022. Newly implemented risk tax however impacted RoE with approx. 1% (RoE excl. new tax for Jan-Jun 2022 was 10.9%)
- Highly competitive cost efficiency, although increased investment rate has impacted C/I ratio during recent years (according to plan)
- C/I ratio Jan-Jun 2022 affected by move of resolution fee to new row in income statement

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Sweden's most satisfied customers

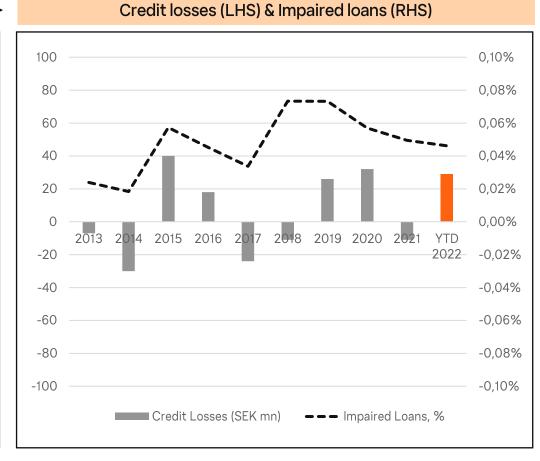
For the third consecutive year, SBAB had Sweden's most satisfied residential mortgage customers 2021 according to Swedish Quality Index (Svenskt Kvalitetsindex, SKI), which each year measures customer satisfaction in the banking and finance sector. Moreover, for the fourth consecutive year, SBAB also has Sweden's most satisfied customers in terms of property loans to corporates and tenantowners' associations.

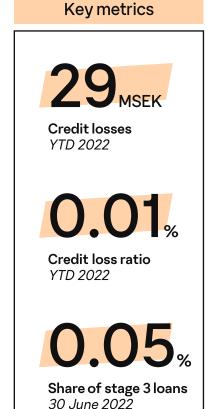
Superior asset quality over time

- High concentration on Swedish residential mortgages - very low loan losses/problem loans over time

Lending mix							
	SEK billion	% of lending	Average LTV				
Residential mortgages	345.5	70.3%	54%				
Consumer loans	2.3	0.5%					
Corporate lending	79.2	16.1%	62%				
– (Of which, commercial lending)	(1.7)	(0.3%)					
– (Of which, construction loans)	(13.0)	(2.6%)					
Tenant-Owners' Associations	64.3	13.1%	34%				
Total lending	491.3	100%					

Lending mix

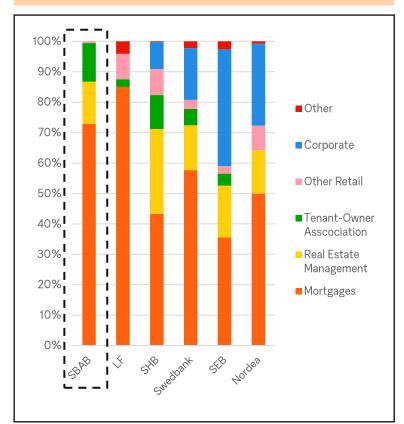




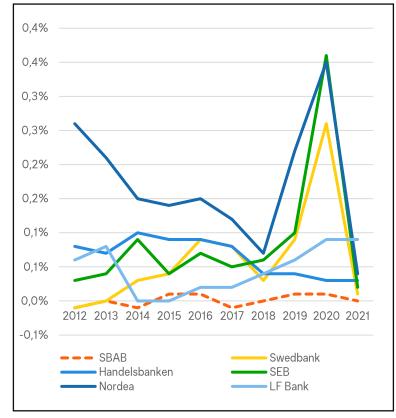
Asset quality compared to peers

- High concentration on Swedish residential mortgages - very low loan losses/problem loans over time

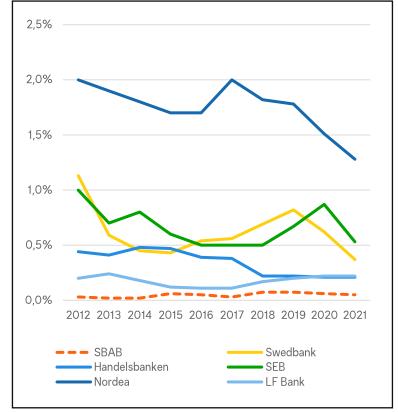
Loan portfolio split 2021



Credit losses 2012-2021



Impaired loans 2012-2021



Updated macro scenarios in impairment model

	Scenario 1 (40%)		Scenario 2 (20%)			Scenario 3 (25%)			Scenario 4 (15%)			
Factors	2022	2023	2024	2022	2023	2024	2022	2023	2024	2022	2023	2024
GDP¹), ∆	+2.2%	+1.7%	+1.9%	+2.0%	+0.3%	+0.4%	-0.9%	-5.1%	+5.3%	+0.7%	-3.5%	-0.8%
	(+2.9)	(+2.2)	(+1.7)	(+1.7)	(+0.5)	(+1.2)	(-7.1)	(+5.7)	(+2.2)	(-3.1)	(-0.8)	(+1.7)
Repo rate	1.2%	1.9%	2.3%	1.2%	1.9%	2.2%	1.4%	2.2%	2.6%	1.5%	2.9%	3.3%
	(0.4)	(1.0)	(1.5)	(0.3)	(0.9)	(1.4)	(0.8)	(1.5)	(1.8)	(1.8)	(2.3)	(2.5)
Unemployment	7.5%	7.3%	7.4%	7.6%	7.9%	8.5%	8.3%	10.5%	9.9%	7.6%	8.5%	9.8%
	(7.5)	(6.8)	(6.7)	(7.8)	(7.7)	(7.9)	(9.8)	(9.8)	(8.9)	(8.0)	(8.7)	(9.5)
House prices, △	-9.8%	-5.7%	+0.2%	-11.1%	-6.0%	+0.4%	-18.2%	-13.4%	-0.6%	-24.9%	-23.7%	-7.2%
	(-1.4)	(-5.7)	(-3.1)	(-1.0)	(-4.5)	(-1.5)	(-11.2)	(-13.5)	(-1.9)	(-15.9)	(-20.2)	(-6.6)
Prices of tenant-owners' rights, Δ	-9.9% (-0.1)	-8.7% (-7.1)	-1.2% (-4.7)	-11.1% (+0.5)	-9.0% (-6.0)	-1.0% (-3.0)	-19.1% (-11.9)	-16.6% (-15.9)	-2.7% (-4.5)	l	-26.8% (-25.3)	-8.3% (-8.9)
Property prices, △	+3.9%	+0.4%	-2.6%	+3.1%	-0.3%	-2.5%	-1.8%	-8.9%	-6.8%	-5.8%	-18.4%	-14.4%
	(-0.1)	(-7.1)	(-4.7)	(+0.7)	(-6.2)	(-3.2)	(-6.9)	(-17.9)	(-7.5)	(-10.3)	(-27.3)	(-13.9)
ECL	SEK 1	11 millio	n (90)	SEK 1	17 millio	n (87)	SEK 18	39 millioi	n (177)	SEK 40	00 millio	า (437)
Weighted ECL ²⁾	Veighted ECL ²⁾ SEK 176 million (165)											

Comments

- The macro economic scenarios applied in the model to calculate provisions (ECL) have been updated twice during 2022 reflecting a more negative outlook on the housing market and the economy in Sweden due to the Russian invasion of Ukraine and rising inflation
- The macro economic scenarios revised during Q1 and Q2 resulted in an increase of total ECL (incl. offbalance) of SEK 16 million and SEK 12 million respectively
- It requires significant stress (i.e. a combination of several deteriorating factors in the impairment model) to see any dramatic effects in ECL

¹⁾ Not included in the ECL calculation

²⁾ Of which, SEK 151 million was attributable to lending to the public and SEK 25 million to off-balance-sheet items linked to loan commitments and building credits

Deep dive: Mortgage lending

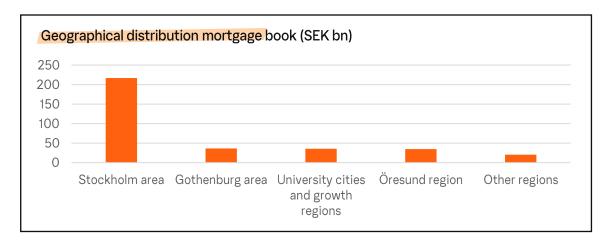
Comments

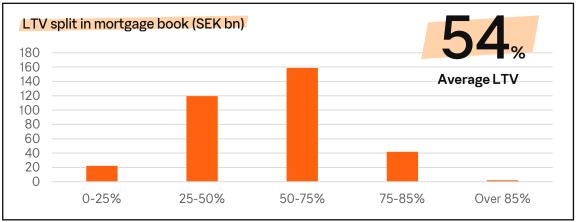
Regulatory requirements:

- Maximum LTV of 85% since 2011
- Regulatory amortization requirements since 2016 (amortization of 2% per year if LTV = 70-85% and 1% per year if LTV = 50-70%).
- Additional amortization requirement from 2018 (additional 1% amortization on top of the original requirement if DTI > 4.5x)
- Exemption from amortization requirement due to Covid-19 during April 2020 and August 2021

SBAB specific:

- SBAB's customers are concentrated to larger cities and growth regions in Sweden
- Low credit losses and past dues over time
- Credit granting based on an affordability assessment, i.e. funds left to live on post interest payments (including stressed interest rate of 6%), housing expenses and other general living expenses
- Credits granted to at most a DTI of 5.5 x total gross household income (irrespective of LTV)







Mortgage lending in Sweden – a low-risk business for several structural reasons



- Personal Liability: A borrower is personally liable even after a default and foreclosure procedure, i.e., full and personal recourse
- Affordability Assessment: Mortgage lending in Sweden is based on household affordability in the long term, i.e. funds left to live on after interest payments (including stressed interest rate), housing expenses and other general living expenses
- "Originate and hold" model: No "originate to distribute" model, no subprime lending
- Restricted Buy-to-Let Market: Restricted buy-to-let market due to regulated rental market and tenant owner subletting restrictions





- Social Security: Well developed welfare system raising households' ability to service debt even during times of unemployment
- Mortgage Deed System: A Mortgage Deed for every house is registered and controlled by the Swedish mapping, cadastral and land registration authority (Lantmäteriet)
- Credit Information Agency: National computerized data base with information regarding civil status, income and changes in income, assets, debt, payment complaints and recent inquiries at the agency. Used in every credit process regarding loans
- Enforcement Authority: Lender can initiate an enforcement order with this office to enforce his claim, this process normally takes up to 90 days



Resilience of the Swedish mortgage market confirmed in external stress tests

S-FSA Annual Mortgage Survey 2022

 New residential mortgage customers in Sweden continue to have healthy margins to manage repayment of their mortgages even in a worse economic climate



https://www.fi.se/en/published/reports/swedish-mortgage-reports/the-swedish-mortgage-market-2022/

EBA stress test 2021

- The five largest Swedish banks are resilient and have the ability to withstand a sharp deterioration in market conditions, based on the stress test conducted by the European Banking Authority (EBA)
- SBAB showcased very strong capital resilience under severe macro assumptions (including very harsh assumptions on Swedish residential real estate prices, which in the stress text were forecasted to fall more (-28%) than other countries in Europe) as well as superior CET1 generation in both scenarios in the stress test



https://www.fi.se/en/published/news/2021/large-swedish-banks-show-resilience-in-eu-stress-test/

Deep dive: Corporate & ToA lending

Comments

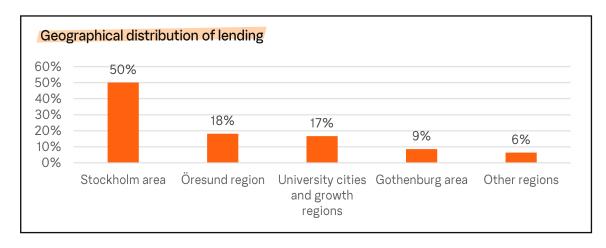
- Primary focus is on financing multi-family dwellings ("housing") in geographies with strong demand
- More conservative underwriting standards implemented during recent years, e.g. regarding LTV, amortization and vacancy levels
- Focus on large and experienced property companies/groups with strong balance sheet (which also acts as guarantor of financial guarantees)
- Construction loans (Sw "kreditiv") capped at 6.5% of total lending vs. current level of 4.7% (see next page) & commercial lending capped at 3% of total lending vs. current level of 0.3%

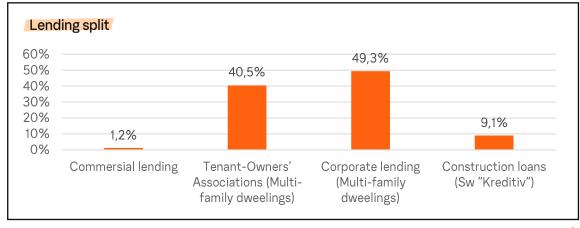
34%

Average LTV ToA lending

62%

Average LTV Corporate lending





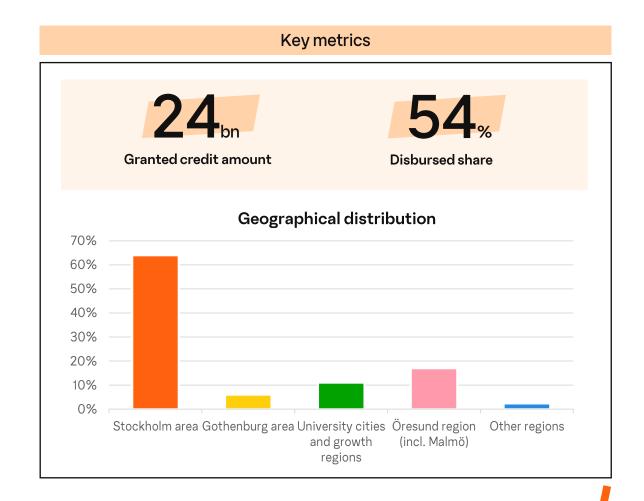


Deep dive: Construction loans

- Focus on major residential developers and existing relationships with solid track records

Comments

- Focus on major residential developers and existing relationships with solid track records
- 117 outstanding construction loans (110 number of properties) totaling SEK 24.0 billion (of which 54% disbursed). Construction loans capped at 6.5% of total lending (current level 4.7%)
- More prudent acceptance levels for smaller residential developers,
 e.g., higher levels of equity, number of sales agreements
- Strong balance sheets and good levels of liquidity among SBAB's customers with construction loans. Most of the construction loans are to companies with diversified revenue streams (i.e., not only from real estate development, but also from rental apartments, infrastructure projects and real estate management)



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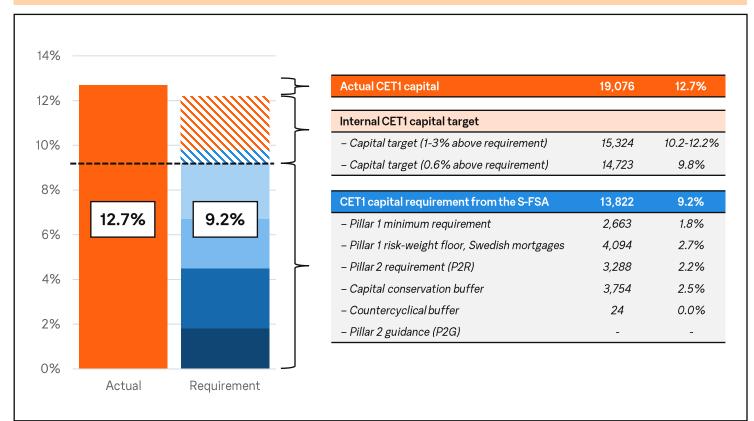
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Capital position

- SBAB well above external and internal requirements

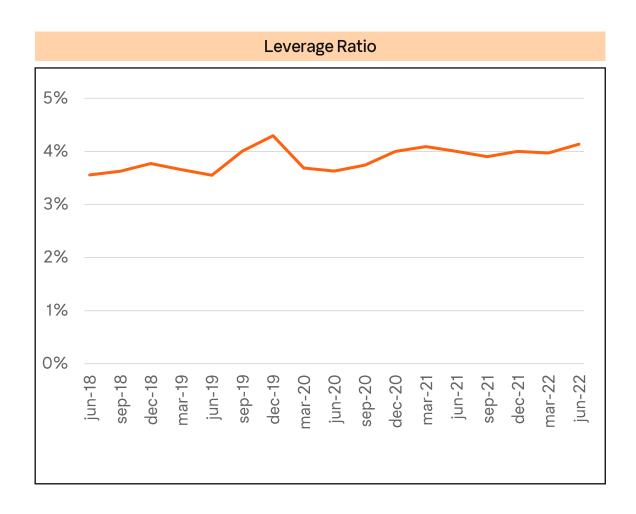
Components of SBAB's CET1 capital target Q2 2022

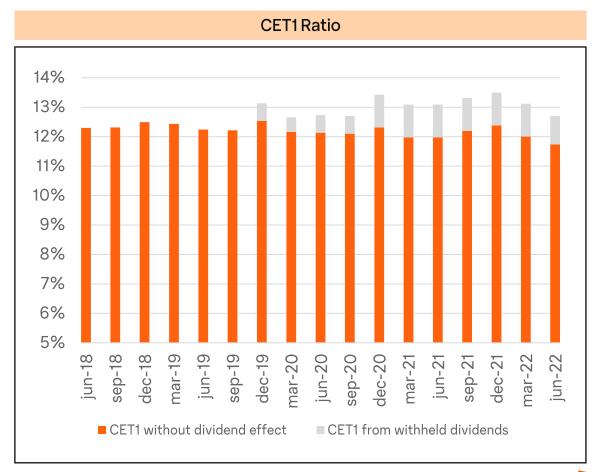


Comments

- In January 2022, the CEO of SBAB decided to introduce a supplementary capital target (management level) for CET1 on group level implemented in Q1 2022 of 1-3 percentage points above regulatory requirements (complement to the lower limit of 0.6 percentage points decided by the Board)
- SBAB remains well above external and internal requirements in Q2 2022
- Countercyclical buffer for Sweden to be raised to 1% in September 2022 and to 2% in June 2023
- Leverage ratio stable at 4.1% as per 30 June 2022 (vs 4.0% as per 31 March 2022) – total requirement incl. P2G of 3.3%

History of stable capital ratios





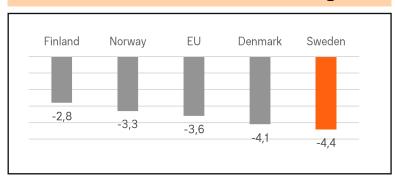
EBA stress test results overview

- Best in class capital resilience under severe macro assumptions & superior CET1 generation in Baseline as well as Adverse scenarios

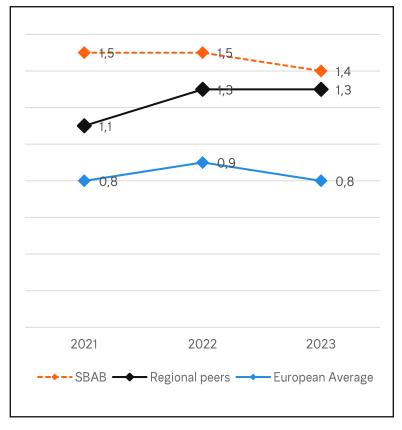
EBA stress test 2021

• In the stress test, SBAB showcased very strong capital resilience under severe macro assumptions (including very harsh assumptions on Swedish residential real estate prices, which in the stress text were forecasted to fall more (-28%) than other countries in Europe) as well as superior CET1 generation in both scenarios

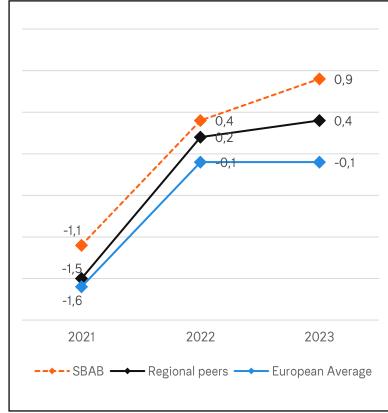
Adverse scenario - cumulative GDP change (%)



Baseline CET1 Generation (Net profit/RWAs)

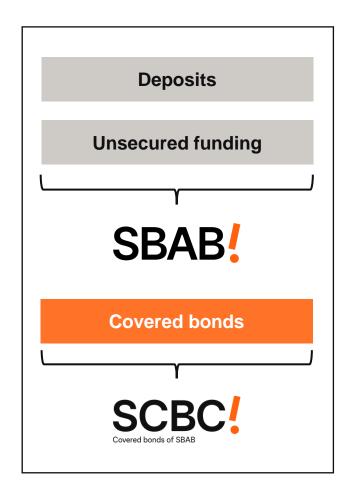


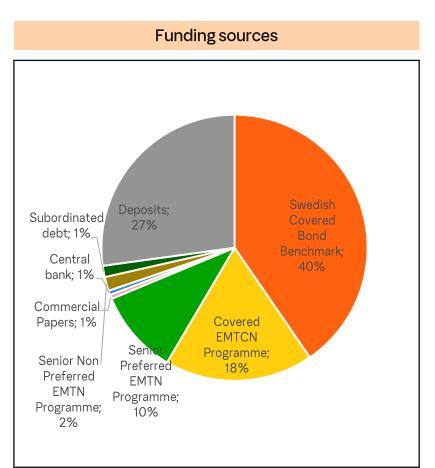
Adverse CET1 Generation (Net Profit/RWAs)

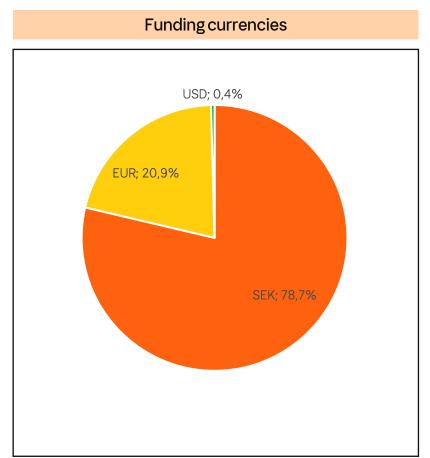


Overview of funding

- Total funding SEK 568 billion (as of 30 June 2022)



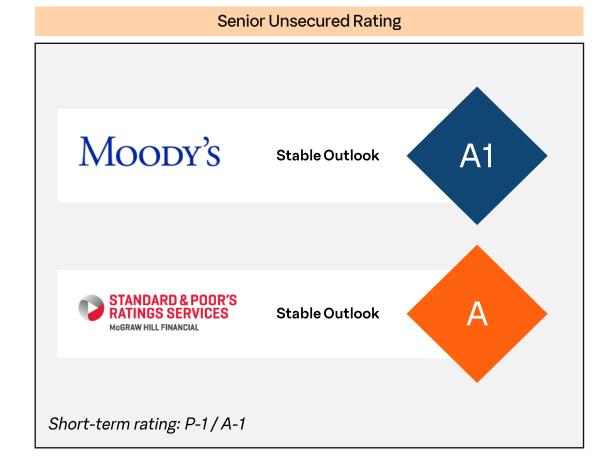




Rating overview

Moody's





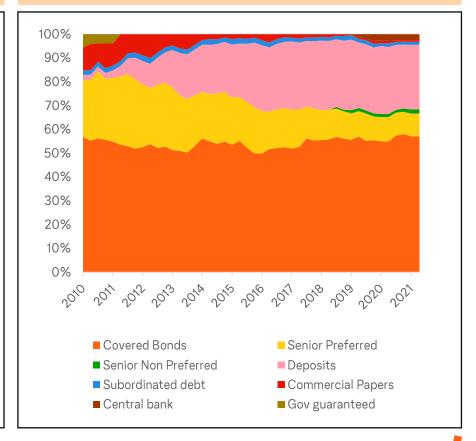
Aaa Sov. rating	AAA Sov. rating			
Aa1	AA+			
Aa2	AA			
А а3	AA-			
A1 Senior Preferred	A+			
A2	A Senior Preferred			
А3	A- SACP			
Baa1 BCA and SNP	BBB+ SNP			
Baa2 T2	BBB T2			
Baa3	BBB-			
Ba1 AT1	BB+			
Ba2	BB AT1			
[]	[]			
	Aa1 Aa2 Aa3 A1 Senior Preferred A2 A3 Baa1 BCA and SNP Baa2 T2 Baa3 Ba1 AT1 Ba2			

Funding strategy & development

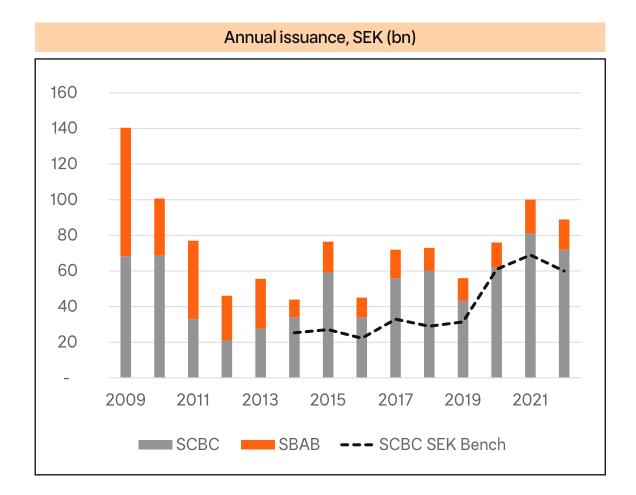
Funding strategy

- Continuous and committed investor work in core markets and towards core investors to further increase name recognition and transparency
- Maintain access to core funding markets; SEK- and EUR-market
 - Regular benchmark issuance in Covered Bond format as and in Senior Unsecured format
 - Private placements as a complement
- Reduced wholesale funding reliance due to growing deposit volumes. Maintain a low reliance on foreign currency funding
- Efficient use of Covered Bond Funding ~ 55% of total funding. Utilizing the depth and stability of the Swedish Covered Bond Market
- Limited use of short dated funding through CP-programs, interbank funding and central bank facilities
- Committed to green bond issuances subject to green lending volumes

Development of funding sources over time



Future issuance



Future issuance

- Total long-term funding for 2022 expected to be approximately SEK 90-100 bn
- Overall strategy is to long term maintain presence and regularity in core funding markets (predominantly EUR and SEK)
 - New SEK covered bond benchmark/benchmarks per year
 - One to two public EUR transactions in international funding markets per year
 - Private placements in SEK and international funding markets
- Senior non preferred issuances preferably in SEK
 - EUR and other currencies as a complement
- Capital issuances (AT1 & T2) predominately in SEK
- SBAB's focus is to use intermediate (5y+) tenors to support duration in covered bonds and mainly short to intermediate (3 to 5y) in senior unsecured
- Regular future issuance: Dedicated to SEK and EUR markets in covered and senior format

Regular presence in EUR market



SBAB!

Senior Unsecured €500mn

0.50% 5y due May '25

May 2020

SBAB!

Senior Unsecured €500mn

0.125% 5,25y due Aug '26

May 2021

SBAB!

Senior Unsecured €500mn

0.5% 5y due Feb '27

Jan 2022

SBAB!

Senior Unsecured €750mn

1,875% 3y due Dec '25

Jun 2022





Covered Bond €650 mn

0.625% 7y due Oct '25

October 2018



Covered Bond €500 mn

0.375% 10y due Jun '29

June 2019



Covered Bond €1,000 mn

0.01% 8,75y due March '30

June 2021



Covered Bond €1,250 mn

1,75% 9,75y due Feb '32

May 2022



Update on MREL

- Regulatory change under BRRD2

Background

- MREL requirements based on policy published by SNDO will be phased in with full compliance on 1st of January 2024
- With current balance sheet SBAB's calculated need for SNP amounts to SEK 11-12 bn (9.6 bn issued up until Q2 2022) with full implementation
- Balance sheet growth, maturity profile and buffer will add to SNP need
 - Estimated need for outstanding SNP by end 2023 around SEK 18-20 bn
 - Gradual build up during 2022 and 2023

MCC = Market Confidence Charge and consists of: CBR – CcyB + P2G. For the riskbased approach capital used to meet CBR cannot be double counted.

MREL and subordination requirement

(assumptions done with Q2 2022 figures)

Own funs & eligible liabilities

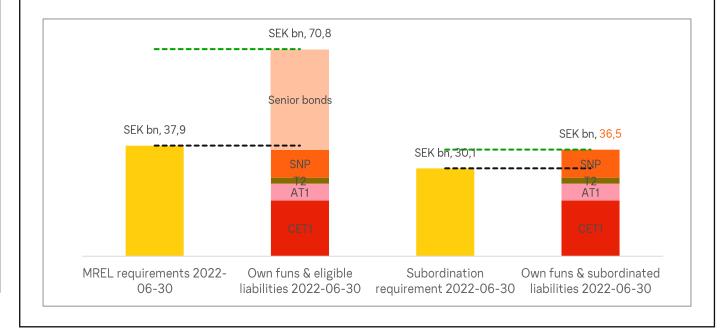
CET1	19.1	7
AT1	5.8	36.5
T2	2.0	36.5
SNP	9.6	
Senior bonds	34.3	
Total	70.8	•

MREL requirement

		quirement Requireme Q2 2022 Jan 20		
	% S	EKbn	%	SEK bn
REA	25.2%	37.9	29.7%	44.6
LRE	5.0%	30.1	6.0%	36.1
Buffer		32.9		

Subordination requirement

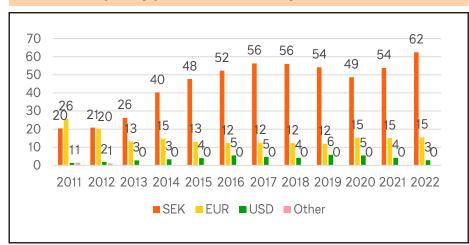
	Require Q2	ement 2 2022		irement an 2024
	% S	EK bn	%	SEK bn
REA	16.0%	24.0	27.2%	40.8
LRE	5.0%	30.1	6.0%	36.1
Buffer		6.4		



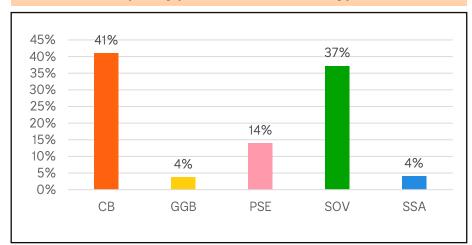
Liquidity position

- Strong liquidity position with LCR and NSFR well above regulatory requirements
- Survival horizon implies liquidity need coverage for 355 days under stressed scenario (unchanged lending portfolio, severe deposit outflow and no new funding added)
- High quality and diversified liquidity reserve within relevant currencies with 95% AAA rated
- Liquidity reserve eligible at the Riksbank and/or ECB

Liquidity portfolio (Currency distribution)



Liquidity portfolio (Securities type)



76_{BSEP}

Liquidity reserve

221%

LCF

130%

NSFR

355_{days}

Survival horizon



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4	Capital, funding & liquidity
5	CDAD's commitment to quotoinability
	SBAB's commitment to sustainability
6	Macro development



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SBAB's overall approach to sustainability

Basis for strategic direction & prioritization

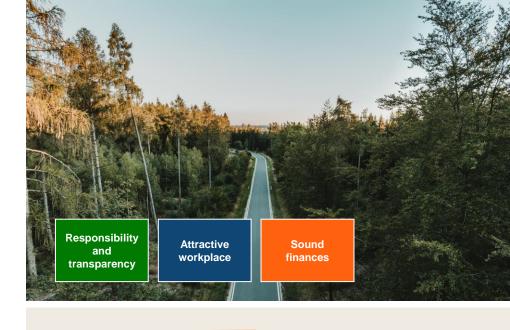
Materiality assessment (GRI)



2 Gap analysis (operations)

3 Impact assessment (PRB)





Three target areas

Three overall integrated (i.e. commercial & sustainable) target areas that together form the basis of a common approach to SBAB's contribution to sustainable societal development.

What does your mortgage have to do with climate risks, community, homelessness, illegal employment, carbon emissions, exclusion, respect and

Read more in Annual Report 2021

Getting our priorities right



Impact analysis (PRB)



 Highest impact in connection to the climate impact of our products and services and in our work with ethics and transparency (including decent work)





Climate change





• The emissions from the building and real estate sector (SBAB's core market) represent 19% of Sweden's total emissions of greenhouse gases from a life-cycle perspective

• SBAB can potentially impact 279,000 mortgage customers and 2,100 corporate and tenant-owner associations clients through our lending and customer offering

- SBAB can impact both the construction and the management of properties
- Measuring and target setting our portfolio would be a significant contribution to Sweden's national goal to have net zero emissions by 2045

Decent work

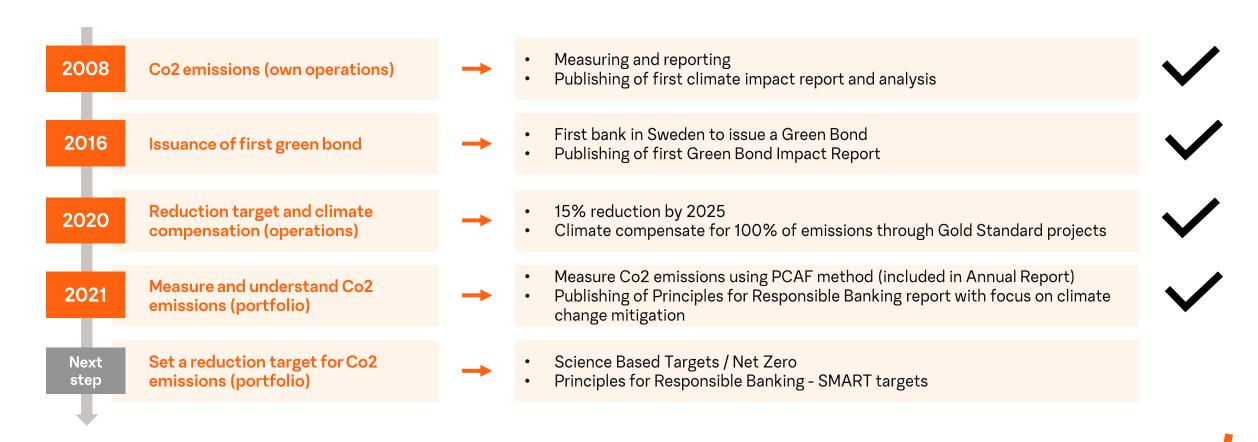




- The construction industry often involves information employment and salary dumping, as well as human rights violations in the supply chain. WSP research from 2021 indicates that 10-30% of the construction industry is involved in tax evasion, 15-30% of employees in the construction industry lack collective agreements, and 30-70% have salaries well below levels standardized in collective agreements
- SBAB can positively impact and set requirements counteracting corruption and promoting decent working conditions in the construction industry (and encourage other banks to follow suit)



SBAB's timeline on climate change mitigation



Affecting and incentivizing our customers

Green lending products



Green residential mortgages

2021 37 bn

- For customers with houses or apartments in buildings with a valid EPC with energy class A, B or C
- Deduction of the mortgage interest rate for energy class A & B by 0.10% and energy class C by 0.05%
- Automatically updated for all customers (API connected to database from National Board of Housing, Building and Planning)



Energy (consumer) loans



Green investment loans to tenantowners' ass. and corporations

- Consumer loan with 0.50% discount
 Available for costumers looking to
- Available for costumers looking to invest in energy saving measures in their homes
- Loans with an advantageous interest rate for customers who implement energy efficiency measures in their properties, e.g. replacing windows or investing in a new, fossil-free heating source

Information and support



Customer communication and proactive media outreach (raising awareness & knowledge sharing)









Collaborations



Partnerships and services to help customers reduce energy consumption and live more sustainably









Recurrent green bond issuer

Linking green lending to green funding

Green funding

SEK 21.15 bn*

Eligible Green Loans

SEK 40.9 hp*











*Data as of 31 Dec 2021









SBAB GREEN BOND FRAMEWORK 2016







WHAT WE DEFINE AS GREEN LOANS

- Green Residential Mortgages (energy class A, B or C)
- Green Investment Loans
- Energy efficient buildings
- New construction



- **Green lending:** Stimulate demand for energy efficient housing as well as creating opportunities and incentives (e.g. by offering discounted loans) for customers to invest and implement energy improving measures in their homes and properties
- Green funding: Offer investors the opportunity to actively participate in the sustainable transition of the Swedish housing and real estate market
- First bank in Sweden to issue a Green Bond in 2016. Six additional green bonds issued since then, of which two during 2022; (1) Jan 2022: EUR 500 mn Green SP; (2) June 2022: EUR 750 mn Green SP

INSIGHT: Impact reporting

Green Bond Impact Report 2021

Issuer	Issue date	Amountissued	Format	Maturity	Coupon	ISIN	Framework
CDAD	4 October, 2017	SEK 1.0 bn	Senior unsecured	11 October, 2022	0.98%	XS1697577556	SBAB Green Bond
SBAB	4 October, 2017	SEK 750 mn	— Senioi unsecured	11 October, 2022	3M Stibor +75 bps	XS1697766951	Framework 2016
SCBC	23 January, 2019	SEK 6.0 bn	Covered bond	28 March, 2024	0.75%	XS1943443769	SBAB Group Green Bond Framework 2019
SBAB	13 June, 2019	SEK 2.25 bn	Senior Non-Preferred	06 June, 2024	3M Stibor +90 bps	XS2015229516	SBAB Group Green
		SEK 750 mn	Semoi Non-Preferred	06 June, 2024	1.0%	XS2015229862	Bond Framework 2019
SBAB	6 May, 2020	EUR 500 mn (equiv SEK 5.3 bn)	Senior Unsecured	13 May, 2025	0.50%	XS2173114542	SBAB Group Green Bond Framework 2019
SBAB	20 May 2021	EUR 500 mn (equiv SEK 5.1 bn)	Senior Unsecured	27 August, 2026	0.125%	XS2346986990	SBAB Group Green Bond Framework 2019
TOTAL		SEK 21.15 bn					

SBAB Green Bond Framework 2016

SEK **2.3**bn → **208** tCO₂e

Eligible Green Loans & Estimated annual avoidance of GHG emissions

SBAB's commitment to sustainability

SBAB Group Green Bond Framework 2019

SEK 40.9bn → 11,405 tCO₂e

Eligible Green Loans & Estimated annual avoidance of GHG emissions



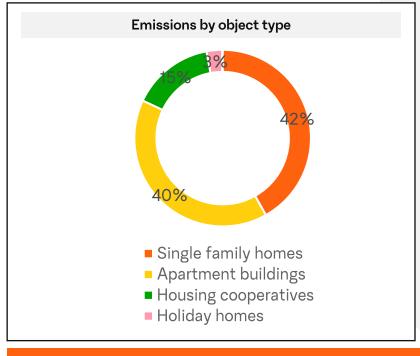


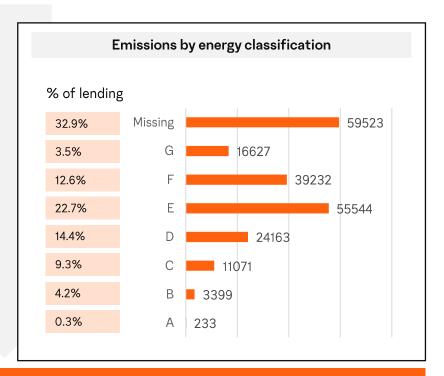
NSIGHT: Co2 emissions from portfolio

PCAF

- SBAB are signatories of PCAF
 (Partnership for Carbon Accounting
 Financials), a global partnership of
 financial institutions that work
 together to develop and implement a
 harmonized approach to assess and
 disclose the greenhouse gas (GHG)
 emissions associated with their loans
 and investments
- Applying PCAF's method, we calculated emissions from our portfolio with support and checks from PCAF
- The results was published in March 2022







Total Co2 emissions 209,790 tonnes Co2

*The calculation includes data on energy performance (energy use per m2, per year) (A), Atemp. (heated area, m2) (B), GHG emissions multiplier (C) and SBAB's share of financing (loan to value ratio) (D) and is based on PCAF's method (A*B*C*D). For 67% of our lending, we data on energy use that is object specific and sourced from energy declarations collected from the National Board of Housing, Building and Planning (Sw Boverket). The rest of the data on energy use (i.e. "missing") is based on average data per object type (single family home, apartment building and housing cooperative) from the Energy Authority (Sw Energimyndigheten).

Sustainability ratings

→

Sustainalytics

Low Risk & Strong ESG Management

According to Sustainalytics, SBAB is at low risk of experiencing material financial impacts from ESG factors. Our current risk rating decreased, and our ESG Management score significantly improved to strong compared to last year's rating. Only 3 % of rated institutions score better.

(Latest update in October 2021)

"The company's ESG reporting is very strong and follows recognized best practices. It also has assigned responsibility for overseeing ESG issues at the board level. Additionally, its environmental policy is strong. Furthermore, it has established adequate standards on social supply chain issues. Moreover, its whistleblower programme is assessed as very strong. The company's overall management of material ESG issues is strong."



MSCI

AA

MSCI has issued a rating of AA (on a scale of CCC to AAA) to SBAB. SBAB scores significantly higher than industry averages for governance, consumer financial protection, privacy & data security and financing environmental impact.

As of January 2021, SBAB has been upgraded from A to AA, where only 2% of MSCI constituents have a rating of AAA.

(Latest update in January 2021)

"SBAB Bank has established strong programs for protecting the rights and interests of its customers."



Imug

Positive BB

Imug Beratungsgesellschaft has issued a sustainability rating of positive BB (on a scale of AAA to DDD) to SBAB. SBAB ranks number 5 of 41 in its peer group (banks) and 22 of 121 in the region.

(Latest update in March 2020)



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The Swedish economy

Forecast key figures Sweden

	2021	2022	2023	2024
Real GDP, actual	5.1 (4.8)	2.3 (3.0)	0.2 (2.3)	1.9 (2.1)
Household consumption	6.2 (5.8)	3.5 (3.7)	-0.5 (2.3)	2.0 (2.6)
Public consumption	2.9 (2.8)	0.4 (2.0)	-0.5 (1.0)	0.3 (1.0)
Investments	7.5 (7.9)	2.0 (3.0)	0.5 (2.5)	2.1 (1.8)
Net export, GDP-contribution (pp)	-0.3 (-0.4)	O.1 (0.1)	0.4 (0.3)	0.4 (0.2)
Employment	1.1 (1.1)	2.4 (2.4)	0.2 (1.3)	0.5 (0.7)
Unemployment rate (%)	8.8 (8.8)	7.6 (7.3)	7.8 (6.7)	8.0 (6.9)
Inflation, CPIF growth	4.1 (4.1)	7.3 (4.6)	3.9 (2.9)	2.5 (2.3)
Policy rate, yearly average (%)	0.00 (0.00)	0.67 (0.21)	2.18 (0.77)	2.00 (1.23)
KIX-index (-)	114.3 (114.3)	120.5 (118.2)	120.4 (117.3)	118.0 (116.4)

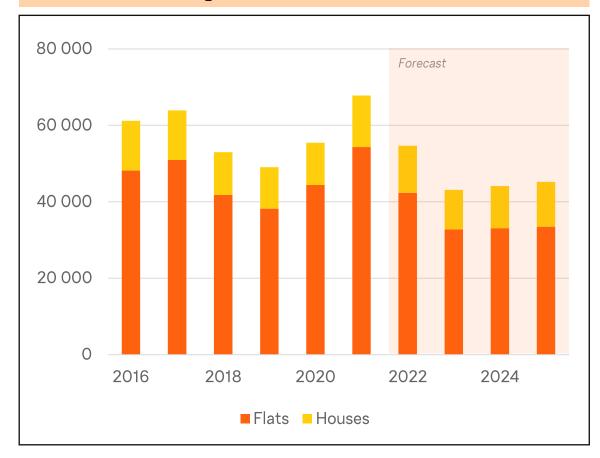
Note: Annual percentage growth unless indicated otherwise. Light orange background indicates SBAB Q3 forecast in September 2022. Figures in brackets = Q2 forecast published in April 2022.

Comments

- A rapid fall for GDP growth in 2022 that continues to decrease to almost standstill in 2023
 - Households' real consumption is severely eroded by rising prices. To some extent, it is kept up by taking advantage of previous savings
- For several years, the Swedish economy has been characterized by low inflation and low interest rates, but inflation has taken off in a similar way as in many other countries, and is expected to be 9.3 percent for the full year 2022
- Some characteristics of the Swedish economy are rapid population growth, many households with large mortgages but also with high savings
- Public finances are sound and central government debt is low

Decline in housing construction

Housing construction (number of homes)



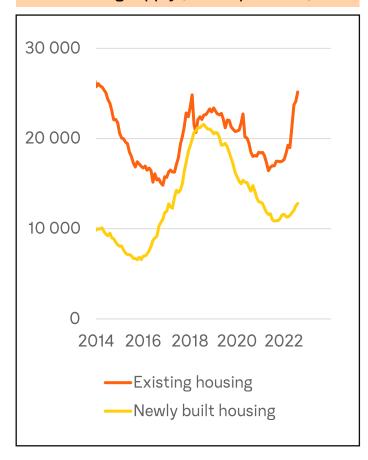
Still need for new housing

- Housing construction is expected to decline rapidly this year and the next, from about 68,000 homes in 2021 (excluding rebuilt housing) to around 43,000 homes in 2023. In the following years, housing construction is expected to amount to around 45,000 homes per year
 - Housing construction is currently under pressure from the availability of materials and equipment, and rapidly rising prices for many input factors
 - Housing construction expected to gradually become more and more pressured by falling prices in the secondary housing market and a deteriorating financial situation for households
- There is a housing shortage estimated to roughly 70,000 homes, despite the high rate of construction in recent years, which speaks for a certain construction need
 - The shortage is expected to be mitigated in the longer term partly dependent on that only approx. 35,000 homes per year is needed to be built to keep pace with population growth

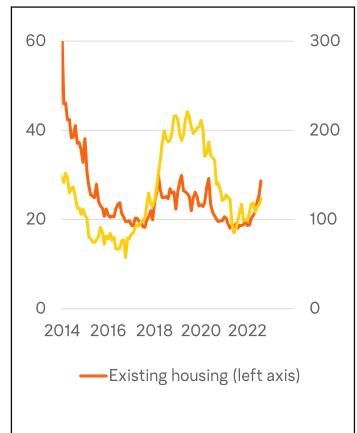


Slowdown in the housing market

Housing supply (homes per week)



Advertiseing time (days)



Reversal in trends

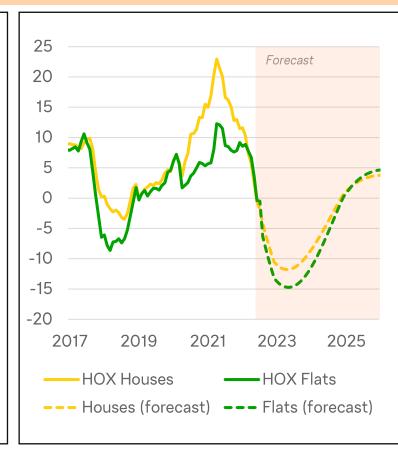
- After a couple of years with a hot housing market, characterized by, amongst other things, low supply and short advertising times, the situation has changed in recent months to a cool market
- The number of bidders is now fewer, and the bid premiums are lower
- The change is most evident in the market for existing housing
- For newly built homes, the supply is still rather low and the advertising times short, but the trends are clearly on the rise
- Rapidly rising mortgage interest rates along with other rising costs of living, not least the cost of electricity, are likely explanations for the slowdown in the housing market



Price decline expected to continue

Housing price index (January 2013=1) & House price development, YoY (%)

		C	hange sinc	e
	Index Aug-22	1m	3m	12m
Sweden (HPI)	1.96	+0.2%	-5.7%	-3.2%
Flats	1.92	+0.3%	-6.3%	-2.6%
Stockholm	1.67	+2.2%	-7.0%	-2.5%
Gothenburg	1.81	-0.5%	-7.4%	-5.1%
Malmö	1.97	+1.3%	-5.3%	-1.0%
Houses	1.97	+0.2%	-5.3%	-3.5%
Stockholm	1.78	+0.3%	-6.6%	-7.3%
Gothenburg	1.83	-0.1%	-4.8%	-4.8%
Malmö	1.85	-2.1%	-7.7%	-8.0%



Falling housing prices

- Housing prices have increased by an average of over 7% over the past ten years
 - History indicates that peak years with housing prices rising more than 15%, and bottom years with falls below -5% are common
 - The impending decline is expected to be somewhat deeper than in previous years
- SBAB's forecast is that housing prices will continue to fall, primarily as a result of rising interest rates
 - The price level at the end of 2024 is expected to be about 15-20% lower compared to that in June 2022
 - The forecast is based on a user cost of housing model, deviations from this may occur in the short term, e.g. as a result of a mismatch between supply and demand or changes of households' expectations on the future



Housing turnover dampened in recessions

Housing turnover rate, Share per year of each stock (%)

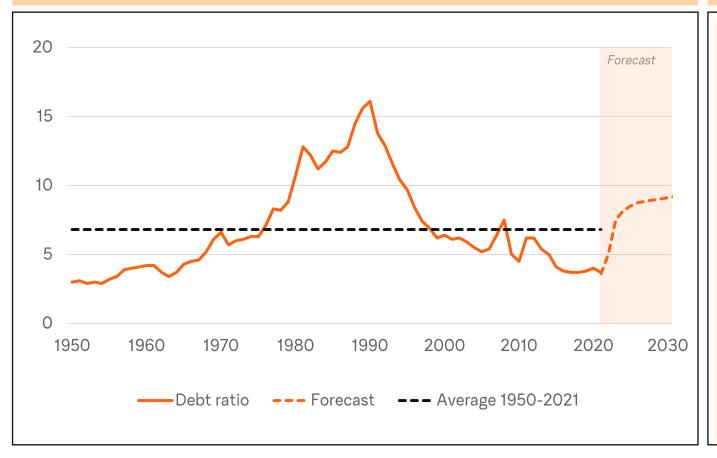


Normalization as the economy is slowing down

- The housing turnover is expected to fall below the normal rate in the fall of 2022, and continue to decrease over the next year
- The housing turnover is expected to recover in 2024 and to be at a normal rate in 2025
- The normal turnover rate is at about 3.0% per year for houses and at about 9.7% per year for apartments
- There is a clear historical pattern with high turnover during booms and low sales during recessions. But also signs that sales are affected by credit market conditions such as mortgage ceilings (LTV)

Interest expenses rising from low levels

Interest expenditure (% of disposable income)



Interest expenses at low levels from a historical perspective

- High debt-to-income ratio but still (based on annual data) low interest costs
- Interest expenses in relation to disposable income (interest ratio) at a very low level from a historical perspective
 - At 3.7% in 2021 before tax deductions
 - Expected to rise to 4.9% in 2022, to 7.4% in 2023, and to 8.1% in 2024, and probably slightly higher in the years that follows
- Factors to consider regarding the interest expenses ratio;
 - Interest expenses are distributed amongst more households, because more households own their homes
 - Interest expenses as share of income differs between younger and older homeowners, and between households in metropolitan areas and in sparsely populated areas

Credit growth development

Credit growth, YoY growth rates (%)



Clear slowdown of credit growth to households

- The growth rate of household mortgages has averaged over the past ten year to slightly over 6%
- According to SBAB's forecast, the growth rate of household housing credits is expected to decrease in the coming months, and soon fall below 5% and remain low in the coming years
 - The forecast considers e.g. the developments of household income, housing prices, mortgage rates, and housing turnover
- Credit growth for non-financial companies' real estate loans, soared during the pandemic. The growth rate slowed down in 2021 and is currently at 8% which is a couple of percentage points higher than the historical average rate of development, but also higher than the expected future pace

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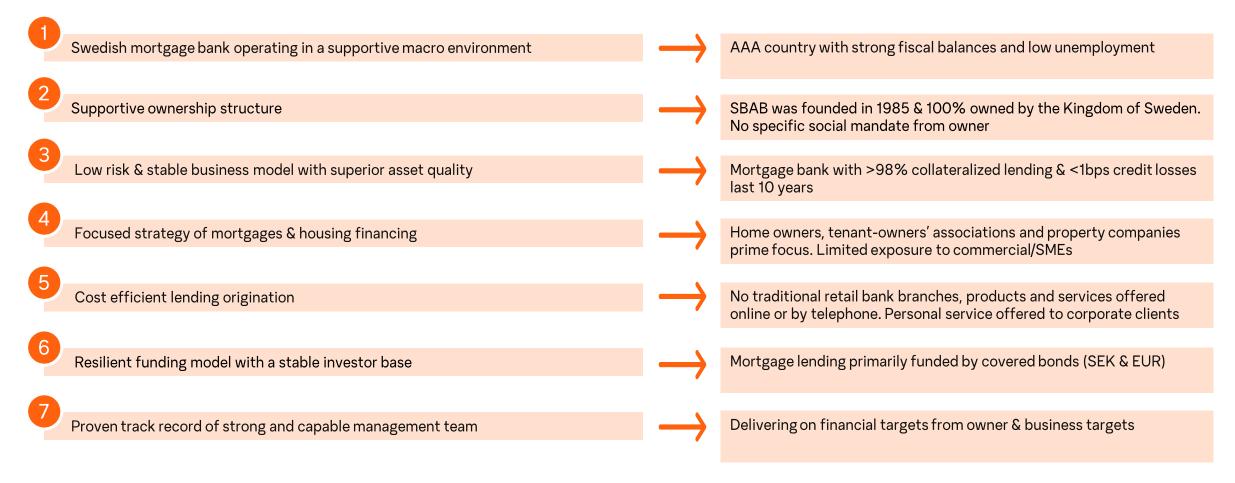
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SBAB at a glance





Retail business area

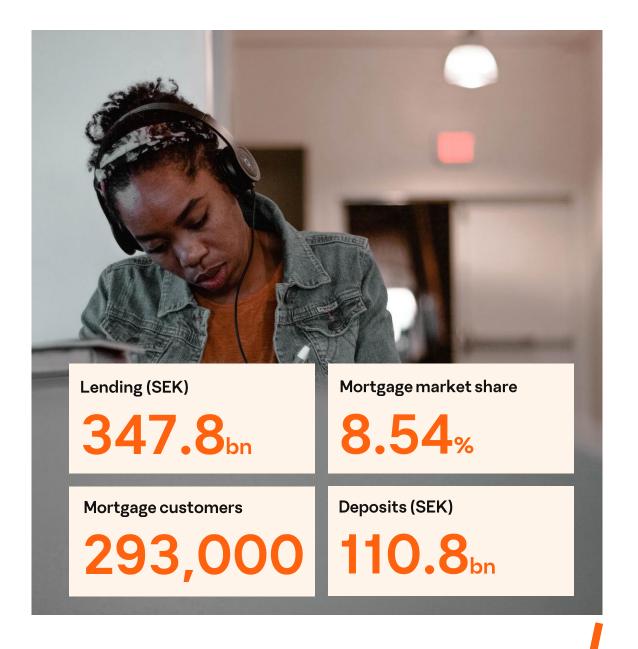
- Services within housing and household finances, such as savings and loan products, insurance mediation, housing search engine services and real estate-agent services. The core product is residential mortgages (5th largest player in Sweden)
- Activities are operated under the SBAB, Booli, HittaMäklare and Boappa brands
- No traditional bank branches, products and services offered online or by telephone
- Customers primarily located in areas around Stockholm,
 Gothenburg, Malmö, and other university cities and growth regions





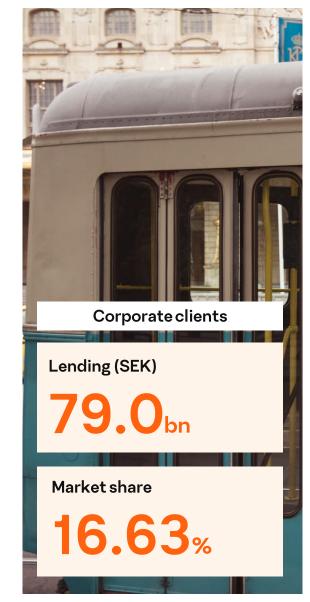
hittamäklare!





Corporate clients & ToA

- Housing financing solutions to property companies, housing developers and tenant-owners' associations as well as savings to corporates and organisations
- Multi-family dwellings, both privately owned and owned by tenant-owners' associations
- Existing buildings or new construction
- Personal service from our three offices in Stockholm, Gothenburg and Malmö
- Primarily target major residential developers, property owners and tenant-owners' associations
- Credit granting concentrated to growth regions surrounding our three offices in Stockholm, Gothenburg and Malmö





The competitive landscape

- Increased competition as new challengers have entered the market. In parallel, larger banks have increased their focus on mortgages

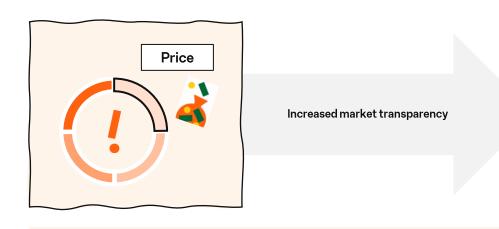






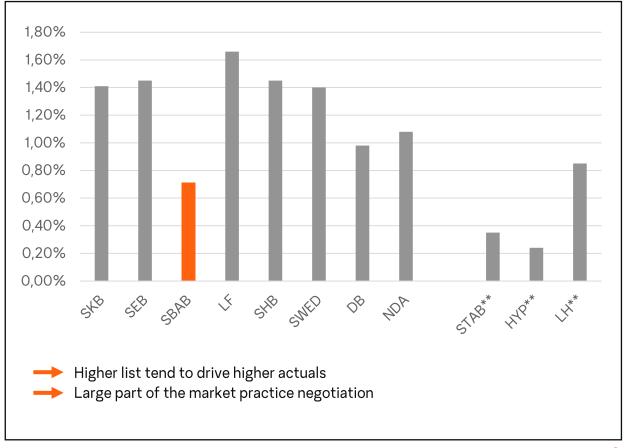


SBAB's success factors



- Customers treat a mortgage as pretty much equivalent to any other regardless of who originated it. For commodities, and thereby mortgages, the price should be viewed as a hygiene factor and the market should converge towards transparency
- The trend since the aftermath of the financial crisis 2008 is however clear; the difference between listed interest rates and average interest rates is increasing. The difference has grown mainly in the shorter terms, carried primarily in the variable interest rate (3M term)
- The four largest banks are the main culprits, while SBAB and mainly new challengers are sticking with a pricing strategy of transparency

Difference between list rate and average rate (3M variable interest rate)* (%)

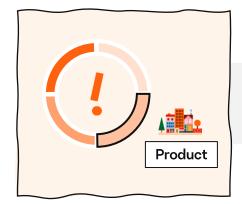


^{*}Source: Compriser (data as of July 2022)

^{**} Maximum allowed LTV < 60-75% (other players LTV < 85%)



SBAB's success factors



Mortgages & housing financing complemented with value adding services

- Residential mortgages & housing financing main focus and primary source of income
- Challenges for mortgages: differentiation (price) & frequency of engagement
- Strategy to strengthen customer relationship/loyalty by adding valuable services throughout the housing journey

Ecosystem of services relating to housing and household finances

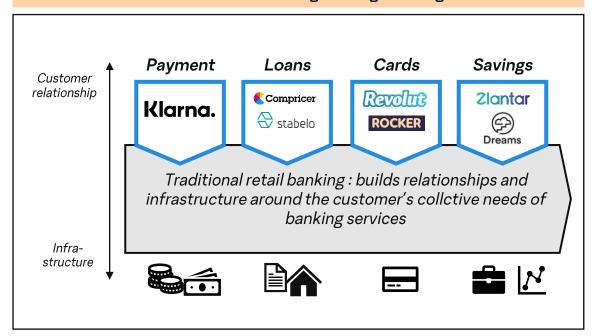
Housing phase	Examples of service	Our brands
Dream & search	Housing adsHousing market informationSavings account	booli En tjänst från SBAB
Buy 👫	 Residential mortgages & housing financing Home insurance (through partner) Life insurance (through partner) Legal advice (through partner) 	SBAB!
Live	RefinancingConsumer loansHousing cooperative managementTenant communication	SBAB! boappa! En tjänst från SBAB
Sell	 Real estate broker recommendations Housing valuation Housing adds Tax declaration advice (through partner) 	hittamäklare! En tjänst från SBAB booli! En tjänst från SBAB





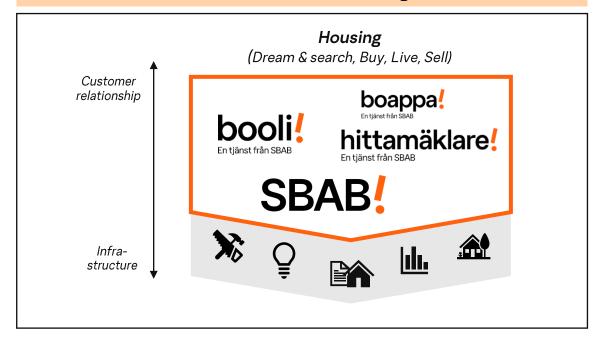
Vertical strategy - our ecosystem

Traditional retail banking is being challenged



Open banking with regulations like PSD2 makes it possible to use banks' infrastructure and **focus solely on the customer experience** in a specific service vertical

SBAB takes control over the "Housing" vertical



Our ecosystem solves the customers' needs with a strong combination of housing services and customer experience



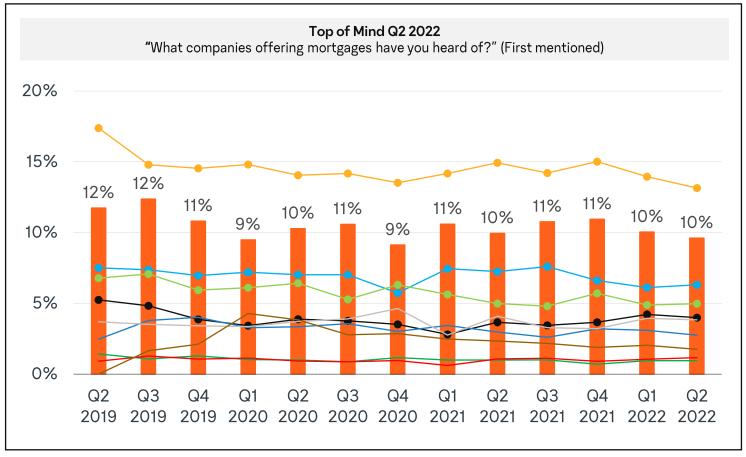


SBAB's success factors



Optimal brand position ("caring friend") & high brand awareness

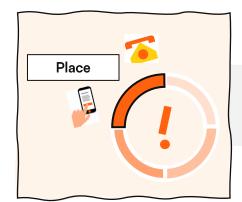
- High brand awareness (5th largest player but 2nd most recognised brand (Top of Mind)) supporting future growth
- Strong media presence through chief economist and housing economist
- Award winning communications







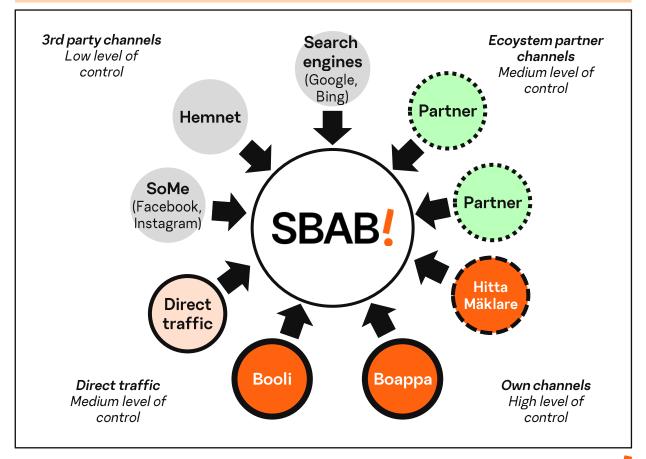
SBAB's success factors



A direct bank and digital frontrunner

- A direct bank: SBAB is and has been a direct bank for retail clients since start
- **Digital channels**: We continuously develop and add new channels with the intention of providing a leading customer experience and seamless interaction
- Lending under own SBAB brand prioritised: Increased investments in own distribution capacity (all white label partnerships terminated)
- Not a bank an ecosystem: Our ecosystem of services is a life driven digital experience providing value, speed and simplicity of use for our users and customers

Taking control over distribution channels



Appendix

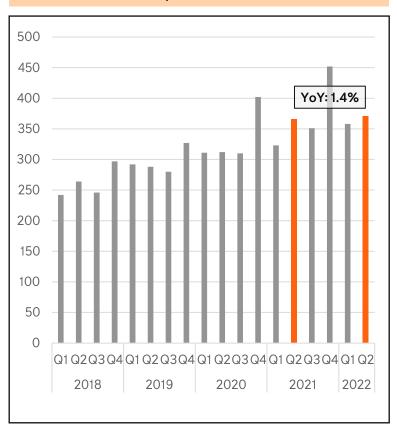
- 1 Business update
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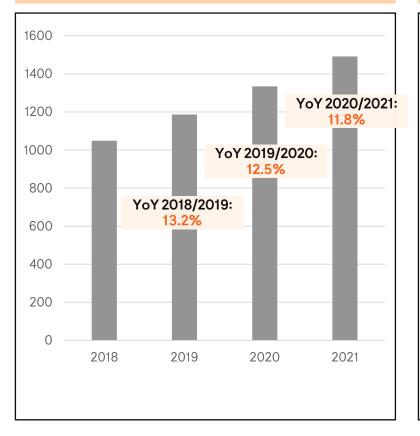
Cost management

- Increased investments for future competitiveness

Cost development QoQ (SEK mn)



Cost development YoY (SEK mn)

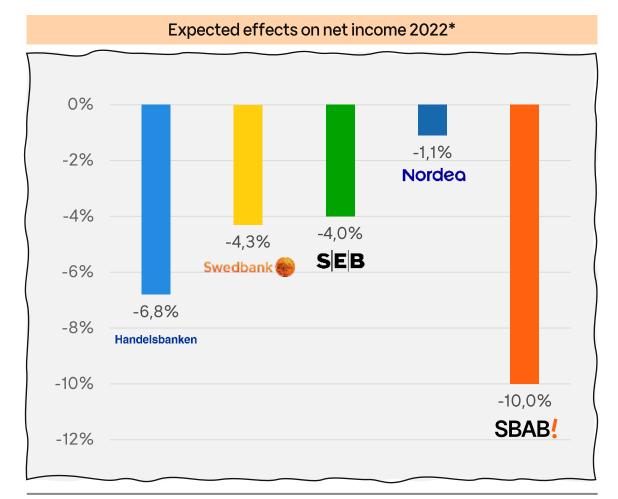


Comments

- Overall trend is increased costs mainly attributable to investments for future competitiveness:
 - Replacement of IT-infrastructure (core banking platform)
 - Regulatory compliance
 - Increased number of employees
 - Digitalisation & customer offering (incl. increased distribution power, customer service & customer experience)

New "risk tax" from 2022

- Affects banks asymmetrically depending on business mix
- The new law for risk tax applies as of 1 January 2022 and will be applied for the fiscal year that starts after 31 December 2021. The tax applies to credit institutions whose liabilities reach a specified threshold at the beginning of the fiscal year. The threshold for 2022 is SEK 150 billion. SBAB is one of the Swedish banks and credit institutions that is affected by the tax. The tax will amount to 0.05% of the taxable amount for the 2022 fiscal year and 0.06% for the 2023 fiscal year
- New item as of Q1 2022 ("imposed fees") placed after credit losses in income statement. Imposed fees will comprise both the new risk tax as well as the resolution fee previously reported in NII (this impacts the comparability of NII with previous years)
- The tax amounted to SEK 65 million for Q2 2022 (resolution fee for the same period amounted to SEK 44 million)
- The tax affects banks asymmetrically depending on business mix, and is estimated to have a larger impact on SBAB's results than the other larger banks (see chart to the right)



^{*}Source: SEB Equity Research



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Provisions & impaired loans Q2 2022

Lending to the public by credit stage

SEK million	30 June 2022	31 Dec 2021
Credit stage 1		
Gross lending	470,098	446,264
Provision	-54	-45
Total	470,044	446,219
Credit stage 2		
Gross lending	21,085	20,684
Provision	-67	-62
Total	21,018	20,622
Credit stage 3		
Gross lending	227	231
Provision	-30	-31
Total	197	200
Total gross lending	491,410	467,179
Total provisions	-151	-138
Total	491,259	467,041

Net credit losses

SEK million	Q2 2022	Jan-Dec 2021
Lending to the public		
Confirmed credit losses	-1	-13
Recoveries of previously confirmed credit losses	1	4
Change in provision for the period — credit stage 1	1	0
Change in provision for the period — credit stage 2	-4	11
Change in provision for the period — credit stage 3	– 1	2
Guarantees	0	-2
Net credit losses for the period — lending to the public	-4	2
Loan commitments		
Change in provision for the period — credit stage 1	-5	1
Change in provision for the period — credit stage 2	-3	10
Change in provision for the period — credit stage 3	0	-
Net credit losses for the period – loan commitment	-8	9
Total	-12	11

Revision of the macroeconomic projections applied in the impairment model (total increase in provisions of SEK 12 million)

Appendix

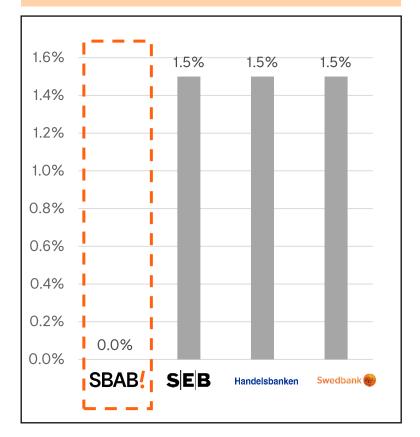
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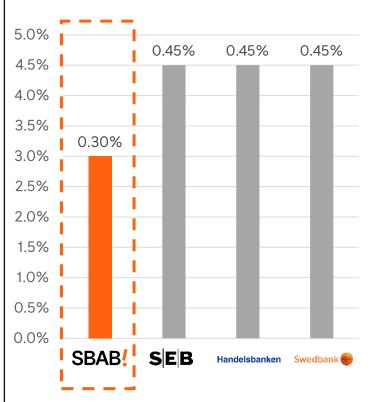
Pillar 2 Guidance vs peers

- S-FSA stress tests in line with SBAB:s own view - stable and solid business model

Pillar II Guidance CET 1, %



Pillar II Guidance LR, %



Comments

- Risk weighted Pillar 2 guidance for SBAB is 0, significantly below peers
- Leverage Ratio Pillar 2 guidance for SBAB is at 0.30%, also below peers' levels
- S-FSA stress test results in line with SBAB:s own view – SBAB's business model is stable and sustainable also in tough market conditions

SBAB's rating composition for senior debt

+2

+1

+3

Moody's

Stand-alone rating

Notching

Baseline Credit Assessment (BCA)	haat
- Diversifcation	-1
- Opacity and complexity / Corporate Beh.	0
Qualitative	-1
Financial profile	а3
Macro profile	Strong+

Loss Given Failure (LGF)

Total notching

Government Support

Rating Rating

A1 STABLE Outlook



Stand-alone rating

Rating

Notching

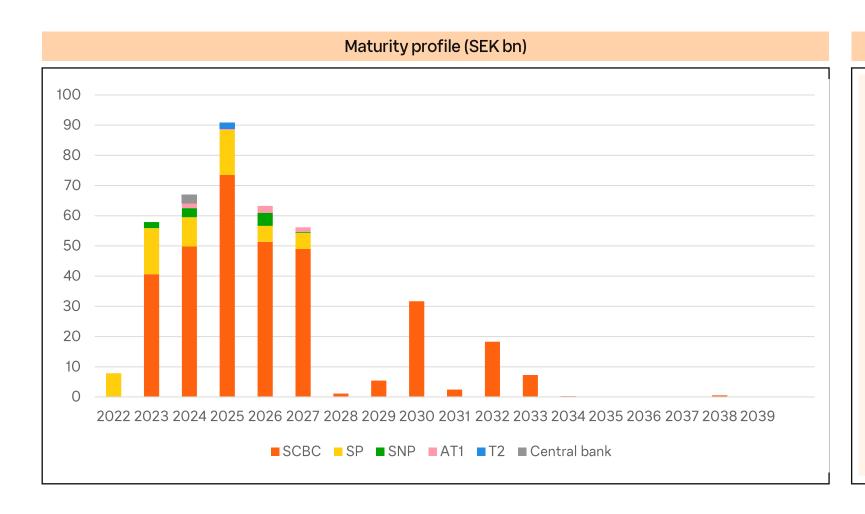
Stand-Alone Credit Profile (SACP)	a-
Funding & liquidity	0
Risk Position	0
Capital and Earnings	+1
Business Position	-1
Anchor	a-

ALAC Support +1 **GRE Support Group Support** Sovereign Support **Total notching** +1

Rating **STABLE** Outlook



Maturity profile



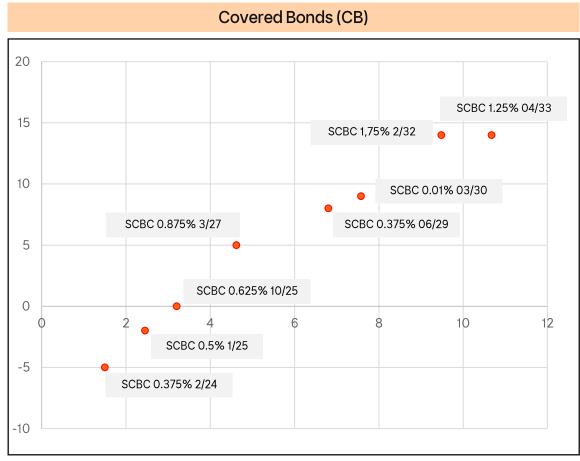
Comments

- Smooth funding profile reduces refinancing risk
- Extended maturity profile with successful benchmark issues in 2030 to 2033 segments
- Liquidity risk is being mitigated through buy-backs of maturing bonds

Outstanding SP and CB (EUR)

- Spread vs MS, bps

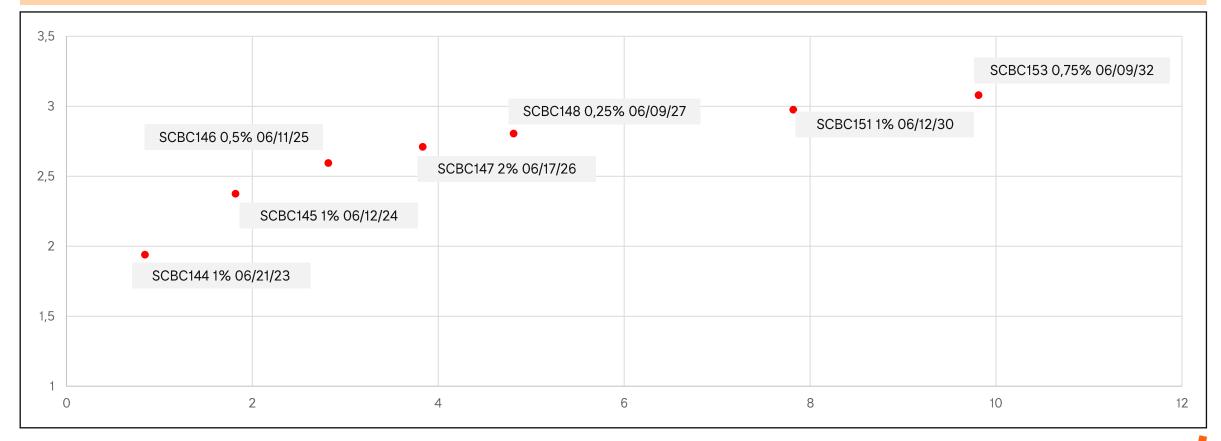




Outstanding CB (SEK)

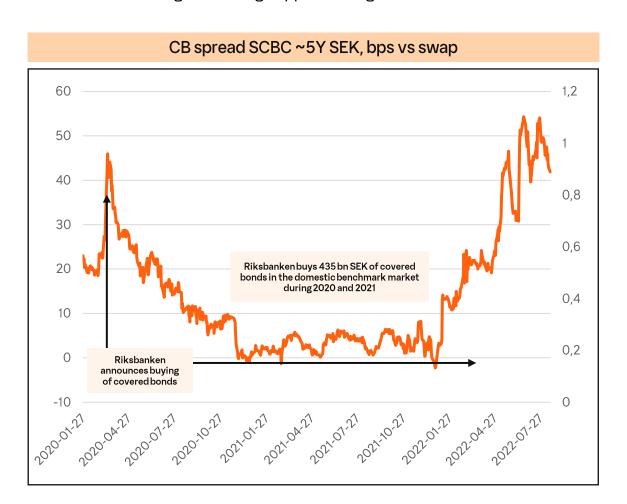
- Yield to maturity, %

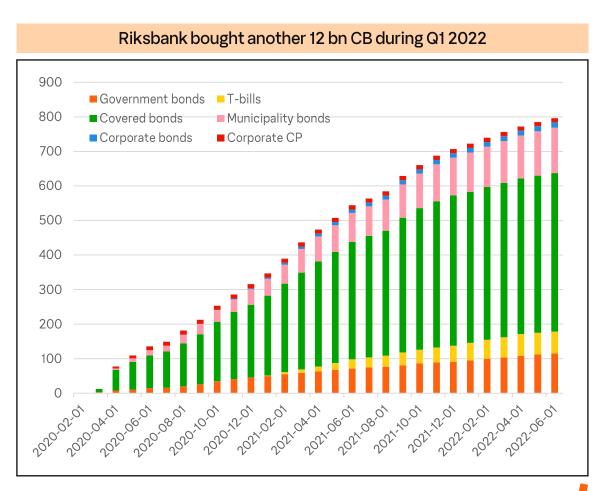
Liquid benchmark CB curve in SEK covering broad range of tenors



Riksbank QE

- Riksbank QE has given strong support during 2020 and 2021, but much less so expected for 2022





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SBAB's business/sustainability goals

		Goal 2021	Results 2021
Responsibility: Sustainability index (rank in brand survey)		Top 3	2nd
Transparency: Proportion of customers who believe that SBAB has an offering that is straightforward and easy to understand		90%	79%
Customer satisfaction: Sweden's most satisfied customers according to Swedish Quality Index (Svenskt Kvalitetsindex, SKI)	Residential mortgages	Top 3	1 st
	Property loans	Тор 3	1 st
Equality & diversity: Equality between women/men in management positions (within the range)		45-55%	48/52%
Employee experience: Percentage of employees who consider SBAB a great place to work		≥90%	91%
Committed employees: Total Trust Index in Great Place to Work's annual employee survey		≥ 85%	86%
Profitability: Return on equity over time		≥10%	11.1%
Dividend: Ordinary dividend based on profit for the year after tax, taking the Group's capital structure into account		≥40%	40%
Capitalisation: CET1 capital ratio & total capital ratio above regulatory requirement communicated by the Swedish FSA	CET1 capital ratio	≥0.6%	4.3%
	Total capital ratio	≥0.6%	4.2%
	Transparency: Proportion of customers who believe that SBAB has an offering that is steasy to understand Customer satisfaction: Sweden's most satisfied customers according to Swedish Quality Index (Svenskt Kvalitetsindex, SKI) Equality & diversity: Equality between women/men in management positions (within the Employee experience: Percentage of employees who consider SBAB a great place to wo Committed employees: Total Trust Index in Great Place to Work's annual employee sure Profitability: Return on equity over time Dividend: Ordinary dividend based on profit for the year after tax, taking the Group's cal account Capitalisation: CET1 capital ratio & total capital ratio above regulatory requirement	Transparency: Proportion of customers who believe that SBAB has an offering that is straightforward and easy to understand Customer satisfaction: Sweden's most satisfied customers according to Swedish Quality Index (Svenskt Kvalitetsindex, SKI) Equality Satisfied customers according to Swedish Property loans Equality Satisfied customers according to Swedish Property loans Equality Satisfied customers according to Swedish Property loans Equality Satisfied customers according to Swedish Residential mortgages Property loans Equality Satisfied customers according to Swedish Residential mortgages Property loans Equality Satisfied customers according to Swedish Residential mortgages Property loans Equality Satisfied customers according to Swedish Residential mortgages Property loans Equality Satisfied customers according to Swedish Residential mortgages Property loans Equality Satisfied customers according to Swedish Residential mortgages Property loans Equality Satisfied customers according to Swedish Residential mortgages Property loans Equality Satisfied customers according to Swedish Residential mortgages Property loans Equality Satisfied customers according to Swedish Residential mortgages Property loans Property loans Equality Satisfied customers according to Swedish Residential mortgages Property loans Equality Satisfied customers according to Swedish Residential mortgages Property loans Residential mortgages Property loans Propert	Responsibility: Sustainability index (rank in brand survey) Top 3 Transparency: Proportion of customers who believe that SBAB has an offering that is straightforward and easy to understand 90% Customer satisfaction: Sweden's most satisfied customers according to Swedish Quality Index (Svenskt Kvalitetsindex, SKI) Residential mortgages Property loans Top 3 Equality & diversity: Equality between women/men in management positions (within the range) 45-55% Employee experience: Percentage of employees who consider SBAB a great place to work ≥90% Committed employees: Total Trust Index in Great Place to Work's annual employee survey ≥85% Profitability: Return on equity over time ≥10% Dividend: Ordinary dividend based on profit for the year after tax, taking the Group's capital structure into account ≥40% Capitalisation: CET1 capital ratio & total capital ratio above regulatory requirement ○CET1 capital ratio ≥0.6%

Summary guidelines and obligations



Implemented or dedicated to



Under development and surveillance

UN 2030 Agenda and Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) (SBAB assigns priority to four SDGs)









Signatory to UN Global Compact, Communication on Progress (COP)









The Paris agreement and the EU action plan for financing sustainable growth











Member of UNEP FI and signatory to Principles for Responsible Banking



Signatory to Partnership for Carbon Accounting Financials (PCAF)





EU taxonomy





EBA's ESG disclosures in Pillar III





State's ownership policy







Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD)









Responsible credit granting

- Alongside the rapid pace of building in Sweden during the 2010s, a
 worrying development has been observed concerning how homes and
 infrastructure are built. Several investigations have shown occurrences
 of tax avoidance, unreported employment and salary dumping, as well as
 a lack of respect for human rights along the supply chain at construction
 sites
- Banks are an important part of the new construction ecosystem and as part of our shared responsibility and in dialogue with the construction industry, Danske Bank, Handelsbanken, Nordea, SBAB, SEB, Sparbankerna and Swedbank started an industry-wide initiative
- The initiative aims to counteract and reduce economic crime in the
 construction industry by considering a number of new types of factors in
 lending and thereby set high standards for the bank's customers. The
 initiative aims to achieve increased control over who conducts work on
 construction sites across the entire supply chain. Through the initiative
 banks want to work together to make a difference and create a more
 sustainable construction industry. The plan is for the initiative to be
 implemented in spring 2022



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About SCBC



SCBC overview

- 100% owned subsidiary of SBAB Bank AB (publ)
- Long-term loans to Swedish households, property companies and tenant-owners' associations
- Licensed by the S-FSA to issue covered bonds (Säkerställda Obligationer) according to the Swedish Covered Bond Act
- Covered bonds rated Aaa by Moody's
- Details about the covered pool ("National Template") published monthly on sbab.se

Eligible cover pool assets

- SCBC does not conduct any new lending itself. Lending is originated by SBAB, and assets are transferred to SCBC via a true sale on a continuous basis
- Large buffer in Cover Pool to a significant fall in house prices. Eligible assets in SCBC can be moved to Cover Pool to increase OC

Simulation of decline in house prices

Housepric change	e Eligible assets in cov pool (SEK bn)	er WALTV (%)	OC* (%)
0%	431.1	51.2	28.4
-5%	428.5	53.3	27.7
-10%	424.6	55.3	26.5
-15%	419.2	57.3	24.9
-20%	411.7	59.2	22.7
-25%	402.1	61.0	19.8
-30%	390.2	62.6	16.3

 $^{^{*}}$ OC calculated in accordance with requirements from the Swedish FSA

Key metrics

Cover Pool (SEK)

431_{bn}

No. of loans

479,957

00

28.3%

WALTV

51.2%

Overview SCBC



The Swedish covered bond market

- One of the best functioning bond markets in the world
- The bond market has been open and well functioning throughout the crisis, providing reliability and liquidity
- Key distinction of the market is the tap issuance format via contracted market makers. Tap issuances can be made daily in small to medium sizes
- Market is supported by market makers with separate market making agreements and repo functionality providing issuers with enhanced liability management options
- Typically, issuers start reducing their outstanding debt about 6-9 months before maturity via successive buy-backs and switches

Source: ASCB, Association of Swedish Covered Bond Issuers

SCBC Cover pool characteristics (from "National Template")

Collateral 100% Swedish residential mortgages *

Over Collateralization 28.3%

Weighted average LTV 51.1%

Weighted average seasoning 4.9 years

Loans in arrears 0.00%. Arrears below 0.01% (loans in arrears

> 30 days are excluded from the Cover Pool)

Number of loans 479,957

Average loan size SEK 898,728

Geographical locationSpread throughout Sweden; concentrated to

economic hubs

Pool type Dynamic

Originator SBAB Bank Group

Interest rate type 46.2% floating, 53.8% fixed / 54.7%

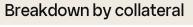
amortising, 45.3% interest only

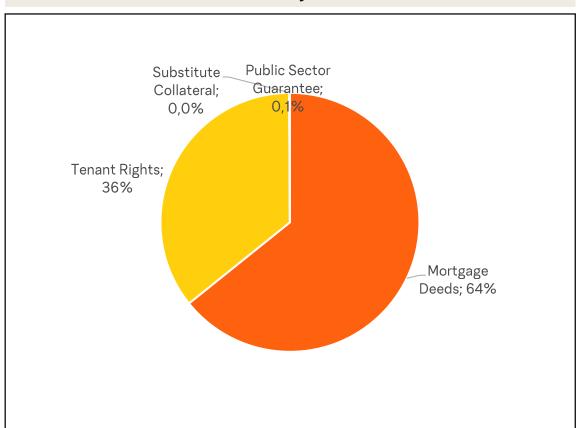


^{*} Occasionally, minor volumes of substitute collateral consisting of AAA rated securities, can be included in the cover pool

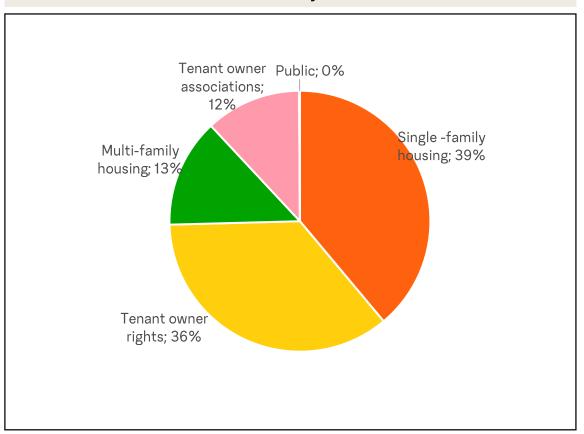
Cover pool characteristics (1/2)





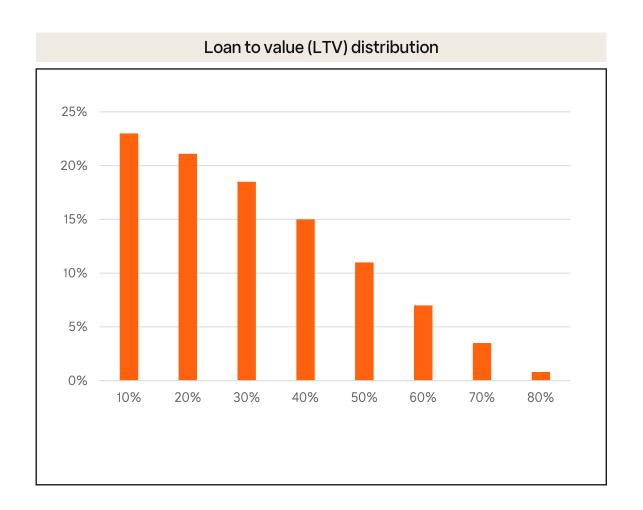


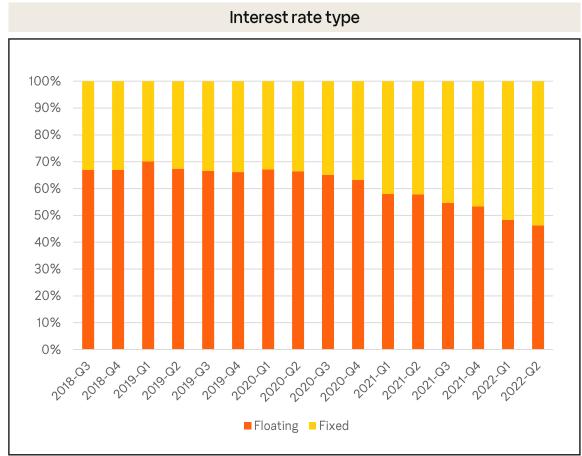
Breakdown by owner



Cover pool characteristics (2/2)







The SCBC product



The limited activites of SCBC provide additional benefits to investors

Robust structure

- Strength of a regulated entity combined with a restricted activity vehicle reduces number of other potential creditors
- As a result, in addition to the eligible assets, investors also benefit from over-collateralisation provided by: (1) Non-eligible assets and (2) Regulatory capital held by SCBC

Subordination of SBAB interests

- Fees for services provided by SBAB are subordinated to SCBC's senior creditors
- Where a mortgage certificate serves as collateral for 2 different mortgage loans, SBAB has subordinated its interest to SCBC

Loans in arrears

Loans 30 days in arrears are normally removed from the cover pool in SCBC

Other features

- Dynamic OC in compliance with Aaa requirements
- UCITS Compliant
- Swedish covered bonds are eligible for repo at Riksbank
- ECBC Harmonised Transparency Template, HTT
- National Template, NTT

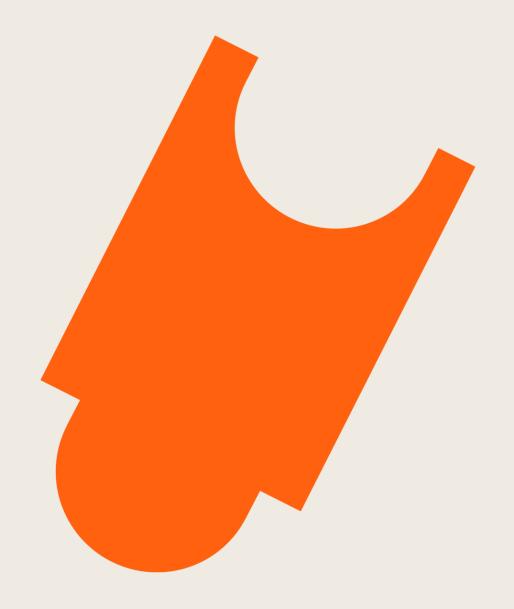
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Financial calender	
Q3 Interim Report	27 October 2022
Year-end Report 2022	7 February 2023





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