RESULTS PRESENTATION

SBAB Bank AB (publ) Q1 2019

Summary Q1 2019

Q1 2019 in brief

"Slowdown in residential mortgage growth, but overall a solid quarter financially"

- Total lending increased 0.6% and total deposits increased 0.9%
- Strong financial development. NII rose
 4.1% and operating profit rose 2.1%. NII of SEK 883 million strongest ever
- Continued strength for metrics such as profitability, credit losses, cost-efficiency and capitalization
- Mortgage price reduction in Q1 expected to put some pressure on margins and earnings in Q2 and forward
- First bank in Sweden to issue a green covered bond backed by residential mortgages

	Q1 2019	Q4 2018	A	Q1 2019	Q1 2018	A
Total lending, SEK bn	366.3	364.2	+0.6%	366.3	344.0	+6.5%
Total deposits, SEK bn	126.1	124.9	+0.9%	126.1	115.3	+9.4%
Net Interest Income, SEK mn	883	848	+4.1%	883	831	+6.3%
Expenses, SEK mn	-292	-297	-1.7%	-292	-242	+20.7%
Loan losses, SEK mn	-9	-7	+2mn	-9	10	+19mn
Operating profit, SEK mn	590	576	+2.4%	590	576	+2.4%
RoE, %	12.5%	11.9%	+0.6 pp	12.5%	13.0%	-0.5 pp
C/I ratio, %	32.8%	33.7%	-0.9 pp	32.8%	30.0%	+2.8 pp
CET1 Capital Ratio, %	12.4%	12.5%	-0.1 pp	12.4%	31.1%	-18.7 pp



STRATEGY & MARKET POSITION.

Our sustainable governance model

- How to navigate in an ever changing environment

SPEED

PERSONALIZING

SUSTAINABILITY

ECOSYSTEM

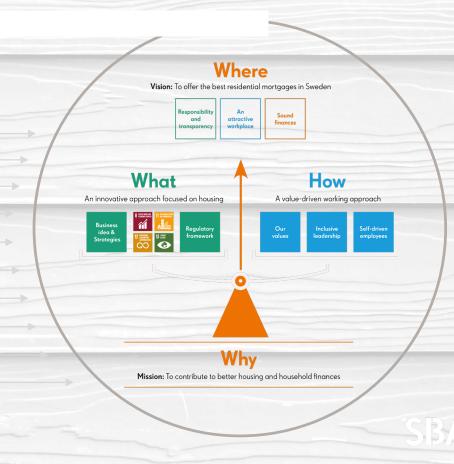
OPEN BANKING

AI & BIG DATA

NEW FUNDING

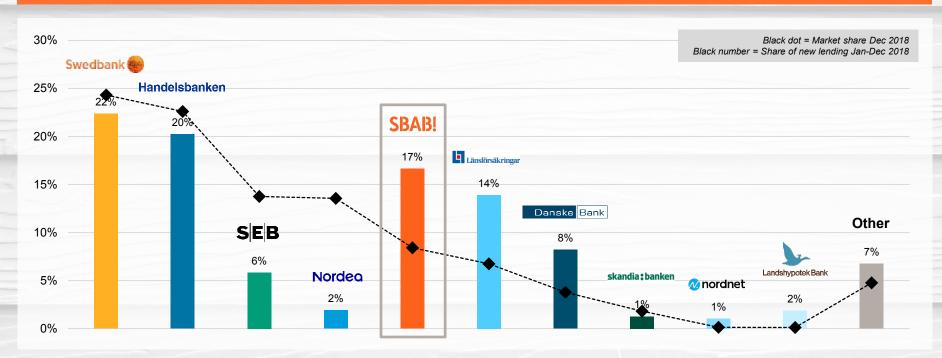
DIGITALISATION

OMNI-CHANNEL & 360



Strong growth in 2018

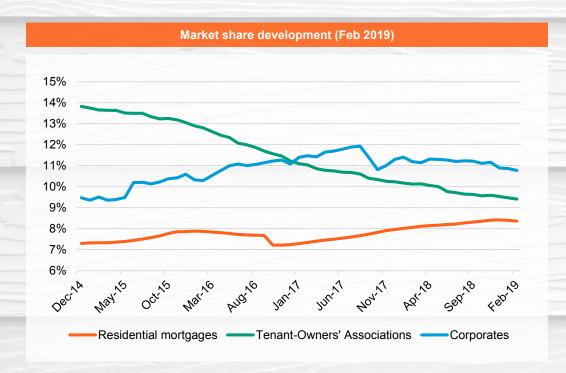
Share of net growth in the Swedish residential mortgage market Jan-Dec 2018





Business development

- Strong growth for residential mortgages during recent years. Slowdown in Q1 2019



Residential mortgages (lending & market share)

SEK 277.3 8.35%

Corporate Clients (lending & market share)

SEK 36.1 bn

10.77%

Tenant-Owners' Assoc. (lending & market share)

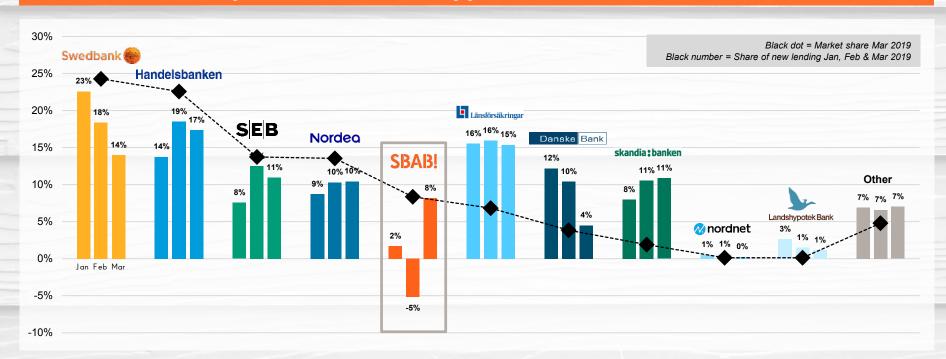
50.7_{bn}

9.41%

*Volume as of 31st March 2019 & market share as of 28th February 2019

The residential mortgage market 2019

Share of net growth in the Swedish residential mortgage market Jan, Feb & Mar 2019 vs. Market share Mar 2019



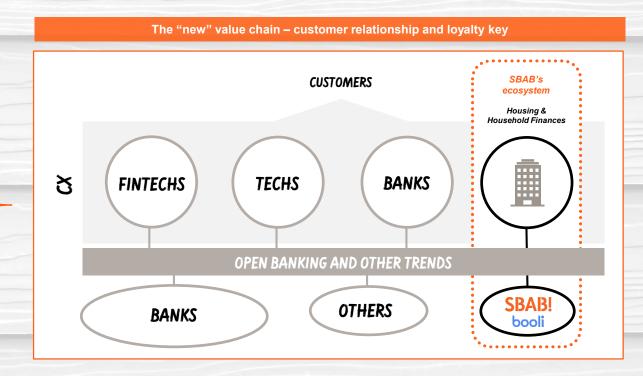
Retail banking is being transformed

New competition

The full-service bank is disappearing

New regulations (e.g. PSD2)

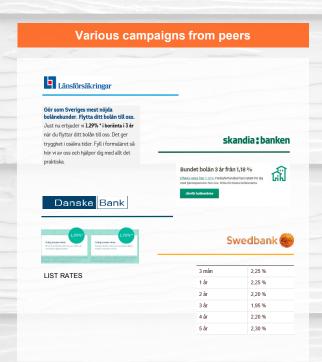
Digitalisation – marginal cost and price towards zero





... & competition intensifies

- New entrants and established banks are working to establish, retain and defend their positions



List rates (4th Apr 19)	3M	1Y	2Y	3Y	4Y	5Y	7Y	8Y	10Y
SBAB	1.64%	1.64%	1.69%	1.79%	1.89%	2.09%	2.39%		2.89%
SEB	2.25%	2.20%	1.94%	1.95%		1.79%	2.87%		3.40%
Nordea	2.09%	2.19%	2.14%	1.89%	1.99%	2.29%		2.99%	
Swedbank	2.25%	2.25%	2.20%	1.95%	2.20%	2.30%	2.87%	3.11%	3.33%
Handelsbanken	2.25%	2.25%	2.20%	1.95%		2.30%		3.06%	3.30%
Danske Bank	2.24%	1.85%	1.59%	1.90%		1.76%			2.95%
Skandiabanken	2.00%	2.00%	2.05%	2.09%		2.49%			
Länsförsäkringar	2.23%	2.19%	2.16%	1.29%	2.23%	2.30%	2.98%		3.40%
Landshypotek	1.66%	1.69%	1.79%	1.94%	2.04%	2.19%		2.89%	3.14%
Stabelo	1.34%	1.34%	1.37%	1.38%		1.75%			2.77%
Hypoteket	1.28%	1.35%		1.40%		1.76%			
Collector Bank	2.49%								
SBAB rank	3	3	3	4	1	5	1		2

SBAB!

Our value proposition







ACCESSIBILITY

Residential mortgages online and over the phone, seven days a week, covering all circumstances.

TRANSPARENCY

Fair prices and appropriate terms and conditions from the start.

CONSIDERATION

Housing specialists who care.

Transparent & competitive offering

- Revised pricing matrix increased rebates for low LTV and less focus on size of loan
- More competitive mortgage rates for all maturities



A transparent offering...

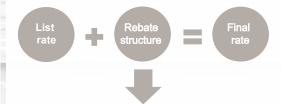
- Risk based pricing based on LTV & energy class of property (to lesser extent size of loan)

Straightforward offering

- Pricing of residential mortgages is based on current list rates for each maturity, as published on <u>www.sbab.se</u>
- The customer's specific interest rate is presented as a deviation from the list rate based on LTV, energy classification of the property and size of loan
- Lower risk = better price
- No time limited discounts, no negotiation
- Transparent offering, e.g. small difference between SBAB's list rates and average rates

Adjusted pricing matrix

Increased rebates for low LTV's & less focus on size of loan



- 1 LTV
- 2 Size of loan (but only if <SEK 1 mn)
- 3 Energy class of property (A, B or C)

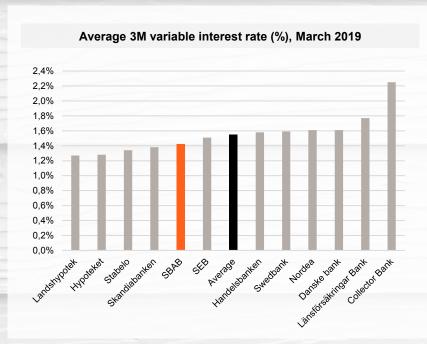
Price reduction in Feb 2019

ı	Maturity	Change (%)	List rate (%)
	3M	-0.10	1.64
	1Y	-0.10	1.64
	2Y	-0.15	1.69
	3Y	-0.10	1.79
	4Y	-0.10	1.89
	5Y	-0.10	2.09
	7Y	-0.10	2.39
	10Y	-0.10	2.89



... & competitive pricing





SBAB example rates vs. new competition

	SBAB! 0-60% LTV	SBAB! 70% LTV	SBAB! 80% LTV	Stabelo (Max 60% LTV)	HYPOTEKET (Max 65% LTV)
3M	1.29 (1.19*)	1.39 (1.29)	1.59 (1.49)	1.34%	1.28%
1Y	1.29 (1.19)	1.39 (1.29)	1.59 (1.49)	1.34%	1.35%
2Y	1.34 (1.24)	1.44 (1.34)	1.64 (1.54)	1.37%	-
3Y	1.44 (1.34)	1.54 (1.44)	1.74 (1.64)	1.38%	1.40%
4Y	1.54 (1.44)	1.64 (1.54)	1.84 (1.74)	-	-
5Y	1.74 (1.64)	1.84 (1.74)	2.04 (1.94)	1.75%	1.76%
7Y	2.04 (1.94)	2.14 (2.04)	2.34 (2.24)	-	-
10Y	2.54 (2.44)	2.64 (2.54)	2.84 (2.74)	2.77%	-

(*Green Mortgage Discount)



Focus on improving customer experience

Customer satisfaction Retail (SBAB no 3 in 2018) Customer satisfaction 2018, 2017 & 2016 Länsförsäkringar Bank Skandiabanken No 3 SBAB Handelsbanken Industry average SFB Swedbank Nordea 50 100 ■2018 ■2017



Digital customer experience

Improved (digital) customer experience

Allo besider under series a de l'accessor de

Booli.se is the second largest Swedish search engine four housing





Detailed information about loan or saving: & relevant information about house/apartment & content relating to housing and household finances.



Successful communication

Brand position SBAB aims to be perceived as a "social" brand with a clear extrovert brand personality Extrovert **SBAB! 2017 SBAB! 2015** Ego **SBAB!** 2012 Introvert



Strong media presence Share of voice (Q4 2018) "Bolån & boendeekonomi" SBAB!

Source: Retriever, Q4 2018



Corporate Clients & Tenant-Own. Assoc.

Our business

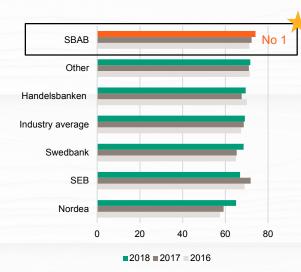
- Housing financing and savings products to <u>property companies</u> ("corporates") and <u>tenant-owners'</u> <u>associations</u>
- Multi-family dwellings, both privately owned and owned by tenant-owners' associations. Existing buildings or new construction
- Credit granting concentrated to growth regions surrounding our three offices in Stockholm, Gothenburg and Malmö
- Primarily target larger customers

Building credit exposures

- Building credit exposures capped at 6% of total lending
- Focus on major residential developers and existing relationships with solid track records
- Stricter requirements for smaller residential developers, e.g. higher levels of equity and number of sales agreements with residents
- Most of the building credit exposure is to companies with diversified revenue streams (i.e. not only from real estate development)

Customer satisfaction

Corporate loans (SBAB no 1 in 2018)
Customer satisfaction 2018, 2017 & 2016



SBAB's sustainability focus

A TRULY SUSTAINABLE STRATEGY

Three target areas that form the basis of a common approach of SBAB's contribution to sustainable global development

Responsibility and transparency

Attractive workplace

vggena kräver

Sound

finances

EXAMPLES OF SBAB'S SUSTAINABILITY EFFORTS

Rebated green mortgages

ENERGY CLASS A: -10 bps ENERGY CLASS B: -10 bps ENERGY CLASS C: -5 bps



Homelessness in society

Undeclared labour and

unacceptable working conditions in the housing construction market



Respect, diversity

& equality in the

IN Q1 2019, SBAB **BECAME THE FIRST BANK IN SWEDEN TO** ISSUE A GREEN **COVERED BOND BACKED BY MORTGAGES**



Great Place To Work®

Sweden's Best Workplaces

SWEDEN

2019

SBAB IN <u>4TH</u> PLACE IN GREAT PLACE TO WORK'S LIST OF SWEDEN'S BEST WORKPLACES 2019 (LARGER COMPANIES)

BUSINESS & FINANCIAL DEVELOPMENT.

Strong financial performance

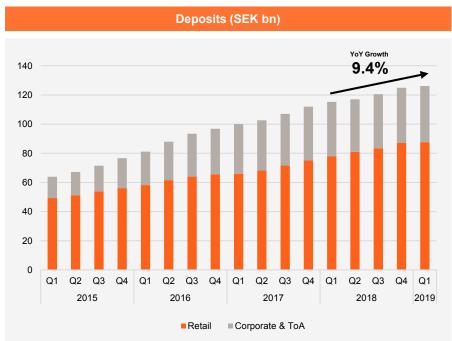
(SEK mn)	Q1 2019	Q4 2018	A	2018	2017		A
NII	883	848	+4.1%	3,362	3,149		+6.8%
Costs	-292	-297	-1.7%	-1,049	-959	A	+9.4%
Loan losses	-9	-7	↑ +2mn	11	24	A	+13mn
Operating profit	590	576	+2.4%	2,241	2,228		+0.6%
Lending (SEK bn)	366.3	364.2	+0.6%	364.2	335.1		+8.7%
Deposits (SEK bn)	126.1	124.9	+0.9%	124.9	111.9		+11.6%
Deposit/lending, %	34.4%	34.3%	+0.1 pp	34.3%	33.4%		+0.9 pp
C/I ratio, %	32.8%	33.7%	→ -0.9 pp	32.0%	30.3%		+1.7 pp
RoE, %	12.5%	11.9%	+0.6 pp	12.1%	12.5%	•	-0.4 pp
Loan loss ratio, %	-0.01%	-0.01%	0.00 pp	0.00%	0.01%		-0.01 pp
CET1 capital ratio, %	12.4%	12.5%	↓ -0.1 pp	12.5%	32.2%	\	-19.7 pp



Business volumes

- Solid growth for both lending and deposits

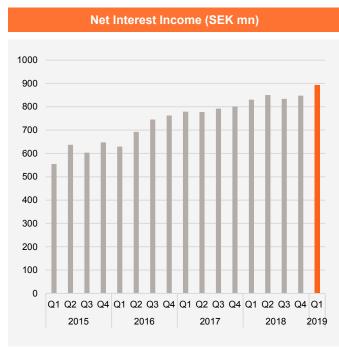






Financial development

- Continued growth and stability. Recurring income dominates SBAB's revenue stream





Comments

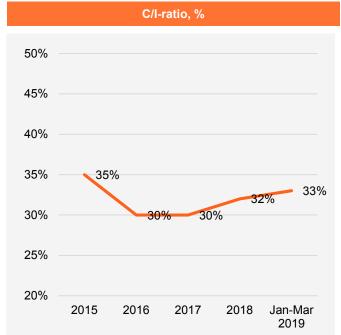
- An efficient business model which delivers solid returns
- Strong growth metrics demonstrated for a sustained period of time
- Mortgage price reduction in Q1 expected to put some pressure on margins and earnings in Q2 and forward



Strong financial KPIs

- Competitive profitability given SBAB's low risk business & best in class cost efficiency





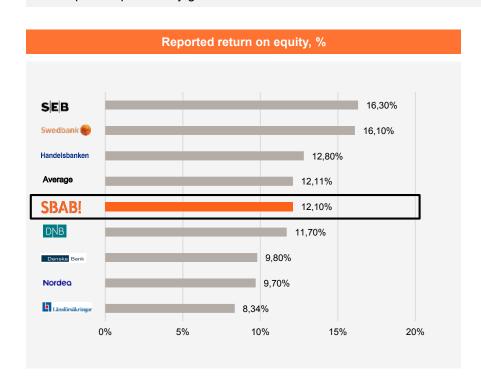
Comments

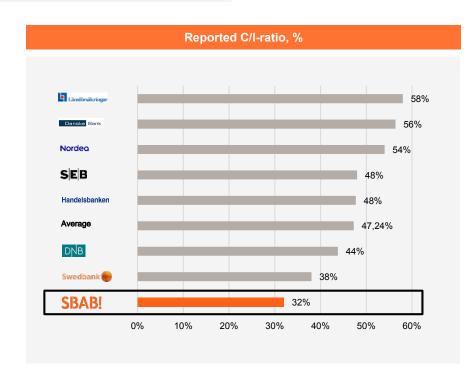
- Strong underlying profitability (above profitability target of RoE>10% last 5 years)
- Successful and cost efficient origination through call centre and internet platform (since1998). No branch offices
- Risk/return trade off competitive profitability and returns given SBAB's low risk business



SBAB vs. others banks (FY2018)

- Competitive profitability given SBAB's low risk business & best in class cost efficiency

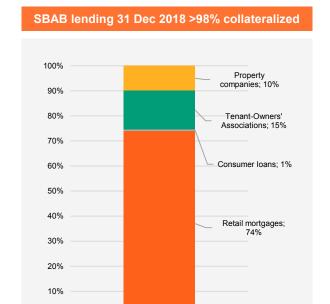


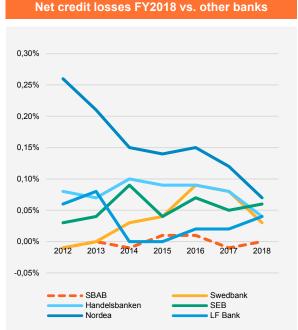


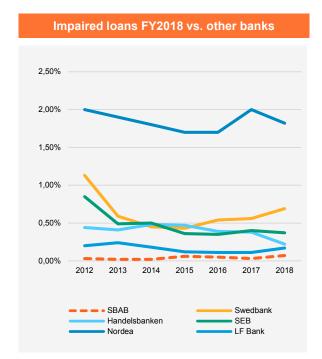


Swedish mortgages – a low risk business

- Thorough credit evaluations and low risk assets consistently achieves low credit losses





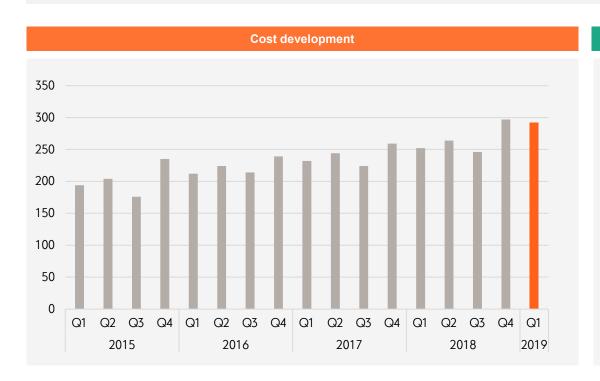




0%

Cost development

- Increased investments to secure future competitiveness



Comments

- In order to secure SBAB's future competitiveness, additional investments are needed. Not only to improve the customer offering, but also to make operations more efficient
- · Increased investments in areas including:
 - Technological / digital expertise
 - IT infrastructure
 - Own distribution power & maintaining high service levels
 - Customer offering & business development
 - Regulatory compliance
 - Marketing & communications
- The cost trend is progressing according to plan and tracks the operations' development and investment strategy for long-term competitiveness



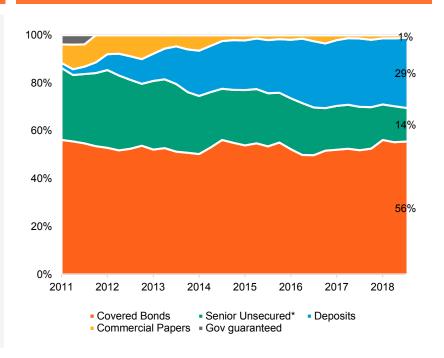
FUNDING, CAPITAL & LIQUIDITY.

Funding strategy & development

Funding strategy

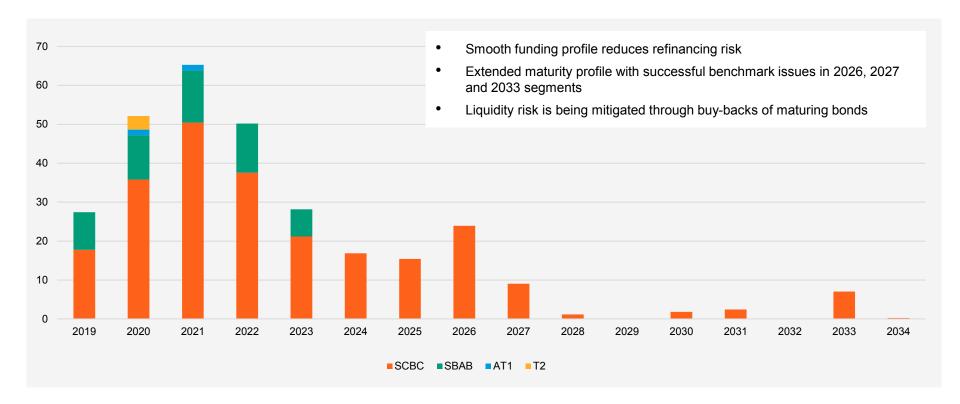
- Maintain access to core funding markets SEK- and EUR-market
 - Regular benchmark issuance in Covered Bond format as well as in Senior Unsecured format
 - Private placements in niche currencies
- Reduce wholesale funding reliance through growing deposit volumes.
 Maintain a low reliance on foreign currency funding.
- Continuous and committed investor work in core markets and towards core investors to further increase name recognition and transparency
- Efficient use of Covered Bond Funding ~ 50% of total funding. Utilising the depth and stability of the Swedish Covered Bond Market
- Limited use of short dated funding through CP-programs and of interbank funding.
- Intermediate (5y+) bond tenors to support funding duration
- Committed to increase green bond issuances subject to green lending volumes

Development of funding sources





Maturity profile

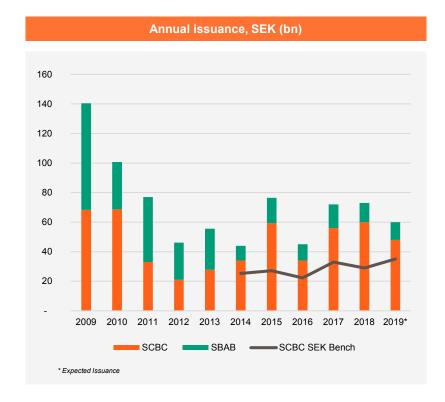




Future issuance

Future issuance

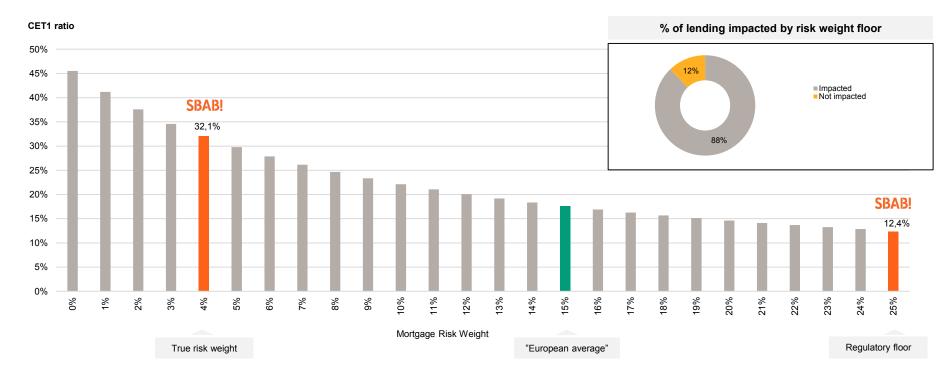
- Total long term funding for 2019 expected to approximately SEK 60 bn
- Overall strategy is to long term maintain presence and regularity in core funding markets (predominantly EUR and SEK)
- New SEK covered bond benchmark/benchmarks per year
 - One EUR covered transaction in international funding markets per year
 - One EUR public senior preferred in international funding markets per year
 - Private placements in SEK and international funding markets
 - Senior non preferred issuances SEK issuance, EUR and other currencies as a complement
- Capital issuances (AT1 & T2) predominately in SEK
- SBAB's focus is to use intermediate (5y+) tenors to support duration





Capital position (Q1 2019)

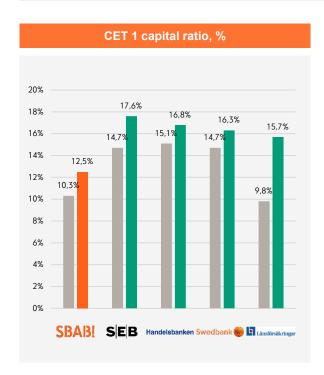
- Move of RW-floor & impact on SBAB's CET1 ratio

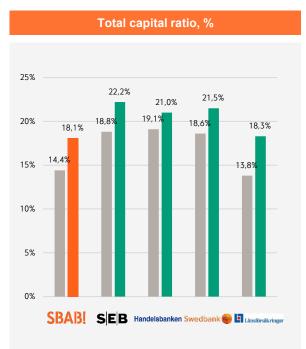




Capital position (Q4 2018)

- Continued strong capital buffers - SBAB well above external requirements





Comments

- Capital target: CET1 and total capital ratio at least 0.6% above the requirement communicated by the Swedish FSA *
- SBAB well above requirements

Available Q4 2018

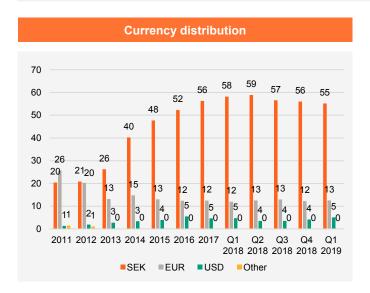
* Revised from 1.5% as per 31 Dec 2018 as a result of decision from the Swedish FSA to change the method it uses to apply the 25% risk weight floor for Swedish mortgages previously captured through Pillar 2 by replacing it with a capital requirement within the framework of Article 458 of CRR. In nominal terms, a buffer level of 0.6% corresponds to 1.5% before moving the risk-weight floor.

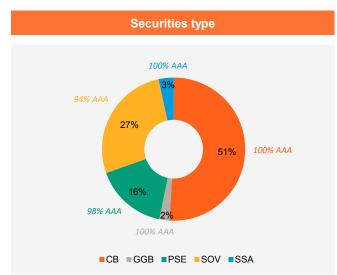


Requirement Q4 2018

Liquidity position

- LCR compliant since 1st January 2013
- 98% AAA and 2% AA+
- Maximum 10y maturity
- Increased portfolio to extend survival horizon





Key figures

Liquidity portfolio

73_{bn}

LCR

303%

NSFR

117%

Survival horizon

443_{days}



MREL-requirement 2019

Background

- In June 2018, SNDO (Riksgälden) made public that the principle of subordinated liabilities shall also apply to the six mid-sized institutions that are critical for the financial system. Phase in period until end 2021
- SBAB's total MREL-requirement is currently set at 5,1% of Total Liabilities and Own Funds (TLOF)*
 - Total need for MREL debt around SEK 24 bn, where approximately SEK 11-12 bn is the recapitalisation amount (to be covered with senior non preferred debt)
 - Compliant with requirement with current outstanding senior unsecured debt
 - SBAB's estimated balance sheet growth and buffer will add to MREL requirement
- Senior non preferred need (requirement and buffer) of approximately SEK 17-20 bn by end of 2021
- Gradual build up of eligible liabilities (senior non preferred) over next three years (subject to regulatory developments) with start in 2019

MREL requirement Q4 2018, SEK (bn) 50 45 40 35 30 25 20 15 10 5 Loss absorption Capital base Recapitalis ation Senor unsecured debt amount amount >1Y



^{*} Source: https://www.riksgalden.se/contentassets/d8e4e8a07bf24347808d47e70de2b030/mrel-tabell-dec-2018.pdf

THE SWEDISH ECONOMY & HOUSING MARKET.

SBAB's macroeconomic forecast

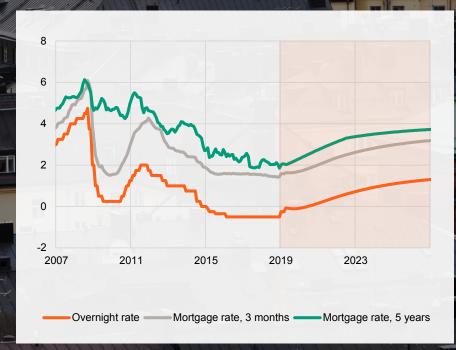


Macroeconomic forecast

	2018	2019	2020	2021
Real GDP, actual	2.3	1.3	1.5	1.6
Household consumption	1.2	1.8	2.0	1.8
Public consumption	0.9	0.4	1.4	1.5
Investments	4.7	-1.6	0.0	0.9
Net export, GDP-contribution (pp)	0.4	0.9	0.2	0.2
Employment	1.8	1.1	0.5	0.5
Unemployment rate, yearly average (%)	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.5
Inflation, CPIF growth	2.1	1.7	1.6	1.8
Policy rate, yearly average (%)	-0.50	-0.20	0.01	0.30
KIX-index, yearly average (-)	117.6	120.6	119.6	118.2

Note: Annual percentage growth unless indicated otherwise, light orange background indicates SBAB February forecast

Interest rate levels (per cent)

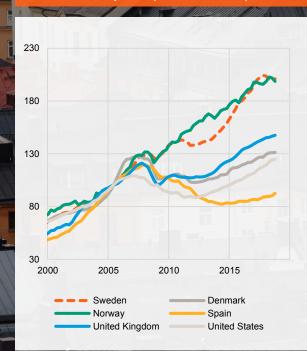


House price development

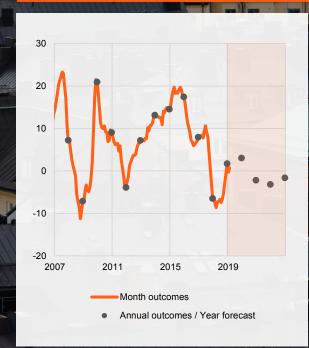
House price development

- Housing prices have increased by an average of 4.8% over the last ten years, turning point in 2017
 - Price development is clearly linked to user cost of housing, such as mortgage rates and taxes
 - Housing prices is also dependent on credit regulations
 - Housing construction respond to house price development
- Housing prices are expected to remain virtually constant for the next three years
 - Slowly increasing mortgage rates are holding back the price driving factors, such as income growth

House prices (index 2005=100)



Prices on apartments (y/y)



Housing market

Trends in the housing supply

Record high supply of housing, mainly due to many newly built housing in metropolitan areas

- The rising supply of new homes stopped at the end of 2018, at the time of the price fall
- The rising supply of existing housing can be explained by new housing and by the approaching tightening of the amortization requirement
- Same trends in housing production regionally, but time-shifted
 - Increase in Stockholm in 2016, one year before Gothenburg and Malmö
 - Fall in Stockholm in 2018

Supply of housing in Sweden



Regional supply of new housing





Housing construction

Housing construction

- Low level of housing construction for a long time peaked in 2017
 - Housing construction has since the mid 1980s responded well to changes in housing demand, until the financial crises when it fell sharply while demand accelerated
 - Currently a potential shortfall of 150 000 homes, despite a high construction rate in recent years
- Strong demographic growth, easy access to financing and low interest rates underpin high construction rate
 - Concerns about affordable housing and ability to pay/willingness to buy
 - About 40 000 new dwellings per year are needed in the coming years just to keep the stock of dwellings growing at the same rate as the number of households

Housing demand and supply of new homes (thousands of homes per year)



Lending growth

Comment

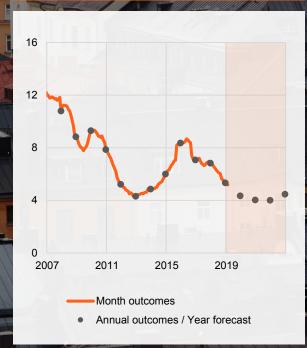
Lending to households is currently increasing by an annual rate of 5,2%

- Lending increases faster than household income, which has been historically normal (49 out of 64 years)
- Measures taken has probably not had any major effects on growth rate, but on the composition

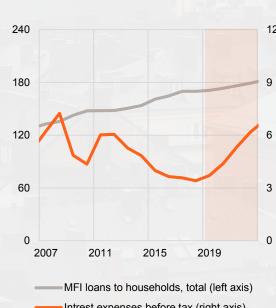
Low debt service costs

- There are strong links between interest rates, house prices and lending to households
- The interest expenses to disposable income ratio is at a historically low level

Household lending growth (y/y)



Interest expenditure (% of disposable income)



Intrest expenses before tax (right axis)

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