

Interim report

1 January - 30 June 2011

SBAB Bank AB (publ)

SBAB BANK



SBAB Bank's business volumes experienced a stable development during the second quarter and the operation continues to broaden its product offering. We further strengthened our liquidity and continued our strategy of extending our funding.

Eva Cederbalk, CEO

Interim period January - June 2011

- Net interest income amounted to SEK 782 million (949).
- SBAB Bank posted an operating loss of SEK 130 million (profit: 350).
- Operating profit adjusted for the effect of basis swaps was SEK 301 million (200).
- Due to the ongoing efforts to broaden the product offering, costs increased to SEK 335 million (311).
- Loan losses remained low and the net effect for the period was positive at SEK 19 million (neg: 44).
- Deposit volume amounted to SEK 6.2 billion (6.1).
- Lending volume totalled SEK 244.4 billion (249.1), and the market share was 9.2% (9.6).
- Without taking the transitional regulations into account, the Core Tier 1 capital ratio, Tier 1 capital ratio and capital adequacy ratio were 13.4% (14.1), 18.2% (19.1) and 22.2% (22.4), respectively.
- The liquidity risk remained low and the maturity of funding was extended further.

Second quarter 2011

- Net interest income was SEK 377 million (405).
- Operating profit rose SEK 198 million to SEK 34 million (loss: 164).
- New lending totalled SEK 7.3 billion (6.8).

All comparable figures in parentheses pertaining to income statement items and new lending refer to the year-earlier period, apart from quarter-specific figures for which the preceding quarter is the comparative period. For comparable figures pertaining to balance sheet items, capital adequacy and market share, the date of comparison is the preceding year-end.

Summary	2011	2010	2010
SBAB Bank Group	Jan-Jun	Jan-Jun	Jan-Dec
Net interest income, SEK million	782	949	1,762
Operating profit excl. net result of			,
financial instruments, SEK million	414	571	1,074
Operating profit/loss, SEK million	-130	350	785
Profit/loss after tax, SEK million	-96	257	577
Lending, SEK billion	244.4	242.2	249.1
Doubtful loan receivables after			
individual provisions, SEK million	30	33	31
Loan losses, net, SEK million	19	-44	-40
Loan loss rate, % 1)	neg	0.04	0.02
Expenditure/Income ratio excl. loan losses, %	180	44	42
Return on equity, % 2)	neq	6.8	7.5
Core Tier 1 capital ratio without	g	0.0	7.0
transitional regulations, %	13.4	13.2	14.1
Tier 1 capital ratio without			
transitional regulations, %	18.2	18.1	19.1
Capital adequacy ratio without	00.0	04.6	00.4
transitional regulations, %	22.2	21.6	22.4
Core Tier 1 capital ratio with transitional regulations, %	6.3	6.2	6.4
Tier 1 capital ratio with transitional	0.0	0.2	0.1
regulations, %	8.5	8.5	8.7
Capital adequacy ratio with			
transitional regulations, %	10.4	10.1	10.2
Rating, long-term funding, SBAB			
Bank -Standard & Poor's	A +	A +	Α+
-Statidard & Pool's -Moody's	A ⁺ A1	A+ A1	A+ A1
Rating, long-term funding, SCBC	AI	AI	AI
-Standard & Poor's	AAA	AAA	AAA
-Moody's	Aga	Aga	Aga
Rating, short-term funding, SBAB			
Bank			
-Standard & Poor's	A-1	A-1	A-1
-Moody's	P-1	P-1	P-1
Average no. of employees during	40.1	470	47.4
the period	421	430	431

¹⁾ Loan losses calculated on a full-year basis in relation to opening balance for lending to the public.

This is a translation of the Swedish interim report. The auditor has not signed the translation for approval.

Operating results

SBAB Bank's operating result declined compared with the year-earlier period to a loss of SEK 130 million (profit: 350). The net result of financial instruments had a negative effect of SEK 544 million (neg: 221) on earnings, primarily due to unrealised changes in the market

value of basis swaps, which purpose is to eliminate currency risks associated with SBAB Bank's international funding. Adjusted for the effect of basis swaps, operating profit amounted to SEK 301 million (200).

Loan losses remained low and the net effect for the period was a positive SEK 19 million (neg: 44).

²⁾ Return on equity is calculated on a full-year basis.

SBAB Bank's interest-rate margin remained at a stable level, although net interest income declined to SEK 782 million (949). The lower net interest income was largely due to the year-earlier period's earnings from derivatives attributable to the repurchase of issued bonds being SEK 154 million higher. In addition, the composition of the liquidity portfolio was changed to include a larger part of covered bonds, which reduced interest income somewhat compared with the year-earlier period. Increased costs for subordinated loans had an impact on net interest income that was SEK 20 million higher than in the year-earlier period.

Net commission income declined because as of 2011 the full fee has to be paid for the Government stability fund to support the financial system. The fee for the period was SEK 55 million (26).

SBAB Bank's expenses amounted to SEK 335 million (311). Personnel costs totalled SEK 167 million (168). Depreciation/amortisation amounted to SEK 13 million (13). Other costs increased, primarily due to the ongoing efforts to broaden SBAB Bank's product offering. The expense in relation to net interest income was 43% (33). The low year-earlier-period figure was mainly impacted by interest income from derivatives associated with repurchased bonds.

The net result of financial instruments measured at fair value had a considerably negative impact on operating profit, of which a significant impact on earnings derived from value changes caused by spread changes of basis swaps. In line with the company's funding and risk strategy, parts of SBAB Bank's funding operation are conducted in the international capital market. The currency and interest-rate risk involved in this type of funding is eliminated by the usage of currency interest-rate derivatives known as basis swaps. For domestic funding, the interest-rate risk is managed by interest-rate derivatives. SBAB Bank complies with the accounting

policies stipulated under IAS 39, where derivatives are recognized at fair value. To reduce the volatility of earnings, SBAB Bank applies hedge accounting for interestrate risks, changes in basis-swap valuations are not included. The value of the currency interest-rate derivative is based on the spread of the basis swap and is recognized at fair value. Any value change has an impact on recognized earnings, although the change has no effect on the company's cash flow nor does it create any real risk in the derivatives that are held to maturity, which applies to the majority of the derivatives. The derivatives' sensitivity to changes in the spread has increased due to the company's strategy of extending the maturity of its funding. This strategy reduces the company's liquidity and financing risk.

2011 was characterised by declining market value for swaps from foreign currencies to SEK, which had an adverse impact on SBAB Bank's earnings, particularly during the first quarter of the year. Value changes in currency interest-rate derivatives had a negative impact on recognised earnings of SEK 84 million in the second quarter and SEK 431 million for the year to date. If hedge accounting had also included value changes caused by basis-swap spreads, the net result of financial instruments would instead have amounted to an expense of SEK 88 million for the second quarter and of SEK 113 million for the year to date.

The net result of financial instruments measured at fair value was primarily due to a loss of SEK 259 million (loss: 327) resulting from hedge accounting, associated derivatives and repurchased debt, an expense of SEK 431 million (income: 150) caused by the development in basis-swap spreads and a gain of SEK 129 million (loss: 88) from the part of the liquidity portfolio that is measured at fair value including derivatives.

Loan portfolio	30 Jun 2011 30 Jun 2010 31 [30 Jun 2010		31 Dec 20	10
SEK million	SBAB Bank Group*	Group incl. all of FriSpar	SBAB Bank Group*	Group incl. all of FriSpar	SBAB Bank Group*	Group incl. all of FriSpar
Retail lending - new lending	147,752 <i>9,462</i>	152,730 <i>11,069</i>	143,884 <i>17,629</i>	149,281 <i>18,96</i> 5	149,429 <i>31,333</i>	153,352 <i>34,631</i>
Corporate lending (incl. tenant-owner associations) - new lending	96,644 4,606	96,700 <i>4,606</i>	98,280 <i>12,199</i>	98,361 <i>12,199</i>	99,674 19.064	99,732 19,064
Total	244,396	249,430	242,164	247,642	249,103	253,084
- new lending	14,068	15,675	29,828	31,164	50,397	53,695

^{*} In the SBAB Bank Group, 51% of the co-owned FriSpar Bolân AB (a partnership with Sparbanken Öresund AB (publ)) is consolidated in accordance with the proportional method.



Loan losses

Loan losses remained low. Loan losses for the period resulted in a net income of SEK 19 million (loss: 44). Improved credit quality resulted in lower provisions to reserves and a reversal of reserves previously made for corporate market loans.

Lending

SBAB Bank continued to experience weaker demand for residential mortgages, most likely due to a higher overall interest-rate scenario and the implementation of the residential mortgage cap.

Lending declined to SEK 244.4 billion (249.1). New lending decreased to SEK 14.1 billion (29.8). SBAB Bank's total market share was 9.2% (9.6).

Lending to the retail market declined to SEK 147.8 billion (149.4). New lending totalled SEK 9.5 billion (17.6). The market share for lending to the retail market declined to 7.8% (8.1).

Lending to the corporate market and tenant-owner associations amounted to SEK 96.6 billion (99.7). New lending totalled SEK 4.6 billion (12.2). The market share for lending to tenant-owner associations was 17.8% (18.4).

Deposits

The number of deposit customers and opened savings accounts continued to rise. SBAB Bank's deposit products, which are characterised by competitive interest rates and straightforward product terms and conditions, continued to attract new customers among private individuals, tenant-owner associations and companies. SBAB Bank's deposit volume increased somewhat during the period to SEK 6.2 billion (6.1).

Funding

SBAB Bank continued to work on implementing its strategy of extending the maturity of its funding by reducing the proportion of short-term debt and extending the maturity of funding through repurchases and issuance of bonds with longer maturities. These activities are conducted to achieve a balance between deposits and lending and thus limit SBAB's liquidity and financing risks.

The total value of debt securities in issue rose SEK 12.0 billion during the period to SEK 274.0 billion (262.0). Funding through the issuance of covered bonds takes place in SBAB Bank's wholly owned subsidiary The Swedish Covered Bond Corporation, SCBC. The total volume of covered bonds issued amounted to SEK 160.4 billion (155.3). The volume outstanding under the Government-guaranteed programme totalled SEK 11.0 billion (15.0).

SBAB Bank attaches considerable importance to having a well-diversified funding portfolio and a flexible product offering. The table below shows SBAB Bank's utilisation of the funding programme in domestic and international capital markets.

Programme utilisation	30 Jun 2011
Swedish Commercial Paper Programme	SEK 5.1 billion
Swedish covered bonds	SEK 89.6 billion
European Commercial Paper Programme	USD 1,395 million
US Commercial Paper Programme	USD 1,277 million
Euro Medium Term Note Programme	EUR 8,868 million
Euro Medium Term Covered Note Programme	EUR 7,738 million
Swedish Government Guarantee Programme	SEK 11.0 billion

Capital adequacy and risk

SBAB Bank reports credit risk mainly in accordance with the IRB approach, and reports operational and market risk in accordance with the standardised approach. The new Basel III framework imposes stricter requirements than before on the financial sector in respect of capital levels, the composition of the capital base, the size of the liquidity reserve and a longer maturity for funding.

SBAB Bank's current position exceeds the forthcoming capital requirements under Basel III. The planned phase-out of transitional regulations will have a positive impact on SBAB's capital adequacy.

The adaptations will be gradually implemented until 2019 at which time the new regulations will be fully implemented. The current transitional rules will apply at least until year-end 2011.

Without taking the transitional regulations into account, SBAB Bank's capital adequacy ratio and Tier 1 capital ratio under Pillar 1 were 22.2% (22.4) and 18.2% (19.1), respectively at 30 June 2011. The Core tier 1 capital ratio was 13.4% (14.1) and the internally calculated capital requirement was SEK 6,544 million (6,463). The results for the first half year are included in the calculation of the capital ratios above.

A new subordinated debenture in the amount of SEK 1.0 billion was issued in April and a subordinated debenture of SEK 0.5 billion was repurchased in June.

Access to funds was favourable during the first six months and the liquidity situation remained strong, despite a periodically not entirely well-functioning funding market due to the prevailing European budgetary scenario. The company foresees that greater market uncertainty can be expected during at least the remainder of the year.

At 30 June 2011, the liquidity reserve amounted to SEK 43.5 billion (40.9) and the Maximum Cumulative Outflow, MCO, to 201 days (63). The average number of MCO days



		Currency distribution				
Liquidity Reserve, SEK million	30 Jun 2011	SEK	EUR	USD	Other	
Securities issued or guaranteed by sovereigns, central or multinational development banks	7,207	2,317	4,333	306	251	
Securities issued or guaranteed by municipalities or Public Sector Entities	1,250	1,250	-	-	_	
Covered bonds	20,906	11,837	8,520	-	550	
Securities issued by financial corporations (excl. covered bonds)	11,779	_	10,165	592	1,022	
Bank & Loan Facilities	2,366	2,366	-	-	-	
Total	43,509	17,770	23,019	897	1,823	
Currency distribution		41%	53%	2%	4%	

SBAB Banks liquidity portfolio comprises liquid, interest-bearing securities with high rating and is an intregrated part of the Group's liquidity risk management. Holding in securities are limited by asset class and by country, respectively, and must have the highest rating upon acquisition. In addition to these collective limits, limits for individual issuers may also be set.

during the period was 114 (79) and never fell below 48 days (36). The increase was due to the company opting to implement a greater share of pre-funding of the coming debt maturity compared with the year-earlier period, and to a relatively minor part of matured debt. The increasing part of pre-funding primarily resulted from the company's intentional choice to expand the advance planning of its funding. SBAB Bank has funded slightly more than 90% of the long-term debt maturing in 2011.

SBAB Bank measures and stress tests liquidity risk by totalling the maximum conceivable need for liquidity for every day during the coming 365 days, MCO. This measurement is based on a crisis scenario in which all loans are assumed to be extended on maturity, where no liquidity is added through loan redemption and where no funding is available. Accordingly, the maximum need for liquidity can be identified for every given future period, and the necessary liquidity reserve can be established.

For more information on SBAB's risks and risk management, refer to the Annual Report for 2010.

Performance in the second quarter of 2011 compared with the first quarter of 2011

Operating profit for the quarter rose SEK 198 million to SEK 34 million (loss: 164). Net interest income declined at SEK 377 million (405), due to reduced earnings from interest from derivatives related to the repurchase of issued bonds. A greater portion of pre-funding also impacted the decline in net interest income. Operating income amounted to SEK 181 million (5). The net result of financial instruments improved during the second quarter compared with the first. The improvement was attributable to market value changes of basis swaps. However, the net result of financial instruments for the period had an adverse impact on operating profit. Expenses increased between the quarters and totalled SEK 179 million (156). During the second quarter,

initiatives aimed at broadening the product range continued. Increased marketing initiatives during the second quarter entailed higher costs. Campaigns were conducted for the deposit product, among others.

The trend towards lower demand for residential mort-gages and increased competition continued, thus causing a reduction in the overall portfolio despite a slight rise in new lending. In the second quarter, new lending rose to SEK 7.3 billion (6.8). Overall lending totalled SEK 244.4 billion (247.3). New lending to the private market amounted to SEK 5.3 billion (4.2) and the market share was 7.8% (7.9). New lending to companies and tenantowner associations declined to SEK 2.0 billion (2.6). SBAB Bank's market share for lending to tenant-owner associations decreased to 17.8% (18.3). Deposits through SBAB Bank's savings products amounted to SEK 6.2 billion (5.9) at the end of the period.

Loan losses amounted to recoveries of SEK 32 million (loss: 13). During the second quarter of 2011, Group-wide reserves for private-market loans were redeemed, which was primarily attributable to a positive migration into better risk categories in the underlying credit portfolio.

Current events

After slightly more than seven years as CEO of SBAB Bank, Eva Cederbalk will step down from her position on her own accord. She will remain CEO until a successor has been recruited.

Financial information

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The Board of Directors and the CEO certify that the interim report provides a fair view of the Parent Company's and the Group's operations, position and earnings, and describes the significant risks and uncertainties to which the Parent Company and the companies in the Group are exposed.

Stockholm, 21 July 2011

Arne Liljedahl
Chairman of the Board

Per Anders Fasth

Board member

Jakob Grinbaum

Board member

Hanna Lagercrantz

Board member

Helena Levander

Board member

Karin Moberg

Board member

Lena Smeby-Udesen

Board member

Anna Christenson

Board member
(Employee Representative)

Göran Thilén
Board member
(Employee Representative)

Eva Cederbalk *CEO*



Income statement

Group SEK million	2011 Q2	2011 Q1	2010 Q2	2011 Jan-Jun	2010 Jan-Jun	2010 Jan-Dec
Interest income	2,590	2,196	1,197	4,786	2,311	5,355
Interest expenses	-2,213	-1,791	-724	-4,004	-1,362	-3,593
Net interest income	377	405	473	782	949	1,762
Commission income Commission expenses Net income/expense from financial instruments measured at fair value	16 -40	12 -40	14 -23	28 -80	26 -49	50 -94
(Note 2)	-172	-372	-92	-544	-221	-289
Other operating income	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total operating income	181	5	372	186	705	1,429
Personnel costs Other expenses Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and amortisation of intangible fixed assets	-84 -89 -6	-83 -66 -7	-82 -67	-167 -155 -13	-168 -130 -13	-316 -262 -26
Total expenses before loan losses	-179	-156	-155	-335	-311	-604
Profit/loss before loan losses	2	-151	217	-149	394	825
Loan losses, net (Note 3)	32	-13	-39	19	-44	-40
Operating profit/loss	34	-164	178	-130	350	785
Тах	-9	43	-47	34	-93	-208
Profit/loss for the period	25	-121	131	-96	257	577

Statement of comprehensive income

Group SEK million	2011 Q2	2011 Q1	2010 Q2	2011 Jan-Jun	2010 Jan-Jun	2010 Jan-Dec
Profit/loss for the period	25	-121	131	-96	257	577
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME						
Change in reclassified financial assets, after tax	5	8	13	13	32	57
Change in instruments used in cash flow hedging, after tax	-0	0	1	0	0	3
Other comprehensive income, net after tax	5	8	14	13	32	60
Total comprehensive income/loss for the period	30	-113	145	-83	289	637

Income statement, quarterly

Group SEK million	2011 Q2	2011 Q1	2010 Q4	2010 Q3	2010 Q2
Interest income Interest expenses	2,590 -2,213	2,196 -1,791	1,630 -1,245	1,414 -986	1,197 -724
Net interest income	377	405	385	428	473
Commission income Commission expenses Net income/expense from financial instruments measured at fair value Other operating income	16 -40 -172 0	12 -40 -372 0	13 -22 145 -	11 -23 -213 0	14 -23 -92 0
Total operating income	181	5	521	203	372
Personnel costs Other costs Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and amortisation of intangible fixed assets	-84 -89 -6	-83 -66 -7	-75 -78 -7	-73 -54 -6	-82 -67 -6
Total expenses before loan losses	-179	-156	-160	-133	-155
Profit/loss before loan losses	2	-151	361	70	217
Loan losses, net	32	-13	-1	5	-39
Operating profit/loss	34	-164	360	75	178
Тах	-9	43	-96	-19	-47
Profit/loss for the period	25	-121	264	56	131

Balance sheet

Group SEK million	30 Jun 2011	30 Jun 2010	31 Dec 2010
ASSETS Cash and balances at central banks		0	0
Cash and balances at central banks Chargeable treasury bills and other eliqible bills	0 2,029	0 3,494	0 2,365
Lending to credit institutions	24,906	18,371	2,363 12,892
Lending to the public (Note 4)	24,396	242,164	249,103
Change in value of interest-rate-hedged items in portfolio hedges	122	2,117	500
Bonds and other interest-bearing securities	47,503	36,190	37.985
Derivative instruments (Note 5)	11,473	13,259	12,665
Deferred tax assets	74	10,207	12,005
Intangible fixed assets	33	37	34
Property, plant and equipment	29	22	28
Other assets	1,028	1,969	462
Prepaid expenses and accrued income	975	742	891
TOTAL ASSETS	332,568	318,365	316,925
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LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Liabilities			
Liabilities to credit institutions	24,426	23,094	18,257
Deposits from the public	6,180	5,152	6,083
Debt securities in issue	273,988	264,673	261,962
Derivative instruments (Note 5)	10,779	8,729	12,576
Other liabilities	591	536	338
Accrued expenses and prepaid income	2,622	2,528	4,033
Provisions	94	267	154
Subordinated liabilities	5,957	5,720	5,508
Total liabilities	324,637	310,699	308,911
Equity			
Equity Share capital	1,958	1,958	1,958
Other reserves	1,936 -67	-108	-80
Retained earnings	6,136	5,559	5,559
Profit/loss for the period	-96	257	5,539
Total equity	7,931	7.666	8,014
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	332,568	318,365	316,925

Statement of changes in equity

Group SEK million	Share capital	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Profit/loss for the period	Total equity
Opening balance 1 January 2011	1,958	-80	6,136		8,014
Total comprehensive income/loss for the period		13		-96	-83
Closing balance 30 June 2011	1,958	-67	6,136	-96	7,931
Opening belongs 1 January 2010	1,958	-140	E EE0		7 777
Opening balance 1 January 2010	1,750		5,559	05.7	7,377
Total comprehensive income for the period		32		257	289
Closing balance 30 June 2010	1,958	-108	5,559	257	7,666
Opening balance 1 January 2010	1,958	-140	5,559		7,377
Total comprehensive income for the period		60		577	637
Closing balance 31 December 2010	1,958	-80	5,559	577	8,014

Cash flow statement

Group SEK million	2011 Jan-Jun	2010 Jan-Jun	2010 Jan-Dec
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	8,959	4,862	4,862
Cash flow from operating activities	10,456	6,080	2,125
Cash flow from investing activities	-14	-12	-28
Cash flow from funding activities	501	2,000	2,000
Increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents	10,943	8,068	4,097
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	19,902	12,930	8,959

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash and balances and lending to credit institutions with a maturity not later than three months from the acquisition date.

Capital base

Group SEK million	30 Jun 2011	30 Jun 2010	31 Dec 2010
Core Tier 1 capital Equity	7,931	7,666	8,014
Unrealised value changes of loan and accounts receivable previously	7,751	7,000	0,014
classified as assets available-for-sale	67	105	80
Value changes attributable to derivative instruments included			
in cash-flow hedges	0	4	1
Non-controlling interest	614	516	565
Intangible fixed assets Deferred tax assets	-33	-37	-34
Net reserves for IRB exposures	-74 -106	- -102	- -109
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Core Tier 1 capital	8,399	8,152	8,517
Tier 1 capital contribution			
Tier 1 capital contribution without redemption incentives *	2,000	2,000	2,000
Tier 1 capital contribution with redemption incentives *	994	994	994
Tier 1 capital	11,393	11,146	11,511
Supplementary capital			
Perpetual subordinated debentures	_	_	_
Time-limited subordinated debentures	2,608	2,260	2,108
Net reserves for IRB exposures	-105	-101	-109
Supplementary capital	2,503	2,159	1,999
Expanded part of capital base	_	-	_
Deduction from entire capital base	-	-	-
Amount for capital base net after deductible items and limit value	13,896	13,305	13,510

 $^{^{\}star}$ Encompassed by the transitional rules to FFFS 2007:1

Capital requirements

Group SEK million	30 Jun 2011	30 Jun 2010	31 Dec 2010
Credit risk recognised in accordance with IRB approach			
Corporate exposures	2,266	2,224	2,317
Retail exposures	860	876	838
Total exposures in accordance with IRB approach	3,126	3,100	3,155
Credit risk reported in accordance with standardised approach			
Exposures to governments and central banks	0	0	0
Exposures to municipalities and comparable associations	0	0	0
Institutional exposures	418	276	178
Corporate exposures	953	1,137	1,068
Retail exposures	35	27	17
Unregulated items	1	1	1
Other items	8	6	6
Total exposures in accordance with standardised approach	1,415	1,447	1,270
Risks in the commercial portfolio	252	201	214
Operational risk	217	183	183
Currency risk	_	_	_
Raw material risk	-	-	-
Total minimum capital requirement	5,010	4,931	4,822
Addition according to transitional rules	5,652	5,579	5,769
Total capital requirement according to transition rules	10,662	10,510	10,591

Capital adequacy

Group SEK million	30 Jun 2011	30 Jun 2010	31 Dec 2010
Core Tier 1 capital	8,399	8,152	8,517
Tier 1 capital	11,393	11,146	11,511
Total capital	13,896	13,305	13,510
Without transition rules			
Risk-weighted assets	62,630	61,642	60,279
Core Tier 1 capital ratio	13.4%	13.2%	14.1%
Tier 1 capital ratio	18.2%	18.1%	19.1%
Capital adequacy ratio	22.2%	21.6%	22.4%
Capital quotient	2.77	2.70	2.80
With transition rules			
Risk-weighted assets	133,276	131,379	132,388
Core Tier 1 capital ratio	6.3%	6.2%	6.4%
Tier 1 capital ratio	8.5%	8.5%	8.7%
Capital adequacy ratio	10.4%	10.1%	10.2%
Capital quotient	1.30	1.27	1.28

Notes

Note 1 Accounting policies

The SBAB Bank Group applies the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the EU. It also complies with the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority's (SFSA) regulations and general guidelines on annual accounts for credit institutions and securities companies (FFFS 2008:25), the SFSA's regulations and general guidelines regarding public disclosure of information regarding capital adequacy and risk management (FFFS 2007:5), the Annual Accounts Act for Credit Institutions and Securities Companies and the Swedish Financial Reporting Board's recommendation RFR 1 Supplementary Accounting Rules for Groups. The Group's interim reports fulfil the requirements stipulated under IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting.

For the Parent Company, statutory IFRS is applied, which means that the interim report has been prepared in compliance with IFRS subject to the additions and exceptions that ensue from the Swedish Financial Reporting Board's recommendation RFR 2 Accounting for Legal Entities, the SFSA's regulations and general guidelines on the annual accounts of credit institutions and securities companies (FFFS 2008:25) and the Annual Accounts Act for Credit Institutions and Securities Companies.

As part of IASB's annual improvement project, IAS 34 has been amended. The amendment, which came into effect on 1 January 2011, pertains only to disclosure requirements, provides guidance concerning the application of disclosure principles under IAS 34 and adds further disclosure requirements concerning circumstances that will probably impact the fair value and classification of financial instruments, the transfer of financial instruments between various levels of the fair-value hierarchy and changes in the classification of financial assets. The amendments to IAS have had no impact on SBAB Bank's interim report for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2011, although SBAB Bank will make a new assessment of whether the disclosure requirements are applicable for each interim report. In other respects, the accounting policies and methods of calculation remain unchanged compared with the 2010 Annual Report. The general economic development in Sweden is the primary risk factor for SBAB Bank's earnings capacity and the quality of its assets since the operation is mainly exposed to credit risks in the Swedish housing market. The management of interest-rate and currency risks entails certain exposure to price risks. For further information on SBAB Bank's risks and management, refer to the 2010 Annual Report.

Note 2 Net income/expense from financial instruments measured at fair value

Group SEK million	2011 Q2	2011 Q1	2010 Q2	2011 Jan-Jun	2010 Jan-Jun	2010 Jan-Dec
Gains/losses on interest-bearing financial instruments	7.47	204	49	59	237	15/
Securities measured at fair value through profit or loss Value change of hedged items in hedge accounting	343 -1,313	-284 1,170	-646	-143	-457	-156 869
- Realised loss from financial liabilities	-6	-42	-139	-48	-647	-770
- Derivative instruments	792	-1,228	613	-436	580	-349
- Loan receivables	16	12	34	28	70	118
Currency translation effects	-4	-0	-3	-4	-4	-1
Total	-172	-372	-92	-544	-221	-289

Note 3 Loan losses, net

Group SEK million	2011 Q2	2011 Q1	2010 Q2	2011 Jan-Jun	2010 Jan-Jun	2010 Jan-Dec
CORPORATE MARKET INDIVIDUAL PROVISION FOR CORPORATE MARKET LOANS Write-off of confirmed loan losses for the period Reversal of prior year provisions for probable loan losses recognised as	-0	-1	-	-1	-5	-8
confirmed loan losses in the financial statements for the period Provision for probable loan losses for the period Recoveries in respect of confirmed loan losses in prior years Reversal of prior year provisions for probable loan losses no longer required Guarantees	2 -0 - 0 -0	1 -0 0 5 -0	- -9 0 0 -0	3 -0 0 5 -0	5 -9 0 0	6 -9 0 3 3
Net cost/income for the period for individual provisions for corporate market loans	2	5	-9	7	-8	-5
COLLECTIVE PROVISION FOR CORPORATE MARKET LOANS Allocation to/redemption of collective provision Guarantees	5 -0	8 -1	1 -1	13 -1	-12 -3	-1 -6
Net cost/income for the period for collective provisions for corporate market loans	5	7	-0	12	-15	-7
RETAIL MARKET INDIVIDUAL PROVISION FOR RETAIL MARKET LOANS Write-off of confirmed loan losses for the period	-3		-3	-3	-5	-13
Reversal of prior year provisions for probable loan losses recognised as confirmed loan losses in the financial statements for the period Provision for probable loan losses for the period Reversal of prior year provisions for probable loan losses no longer required	-3 4 -0 0	- -1 0	1 -6 0	-3 4 -1 0	3 -8 0	8 -8 1
Guarantees Net cost/income for the period for individual provisions for retail market loans	- 1	- -1	-8	- 0	- 10	
	'		-3		-10	- 12
COLLECTIVE PROVISION FOR RETAIL MARKET LOANS Write-off of confirmed loan losses for the period Recoveries in respect of confirmed loan losses in prior years Allocation to/redemption of collective provision Guarantees	-2 5 23 -2	-2 0 -25 3	-5 0 -21 4	-4 5 -2 1	-10 1 -6 4	-17 2 -8 7
Net cost/income for the period for collective provisions for retail market loans	24	-24	-22	-0	-11	-16
NET COST/INCOME FOR THE PERIOD FOR LOAN LOSSES	32	-13	-39	19	-44	-40

Both the write-off of confirmed loan losses for the period and reversal of prior year write-offs as specified above relate to receivables from the public.

Note 4 Lending to the public

Group	30 Jun 2011		30 Jun 2010		31 Dec 2010	
SEK million	Lending	Provision	Lending	Provision	Lending	Provision
Single-family dwellings and holiday homes	91,933	-146	89,242	-150	93,386	-148
Tenant-owner rights	55,808	-107	54,899	-108	56,231	-107
Tenant-owner associations	53,292	-42	54,106	-68	55,153	-60
Private multi-family dwellings	28,579	-34	27,137	-43	28,378	-37
Municipal multi-family dwellings	6,701	-	7,846	-	7,363	-
Commercial properties	8,148	-	9,302	-	8,877	-
Other	265	-1	1	-	67	-0
Provision for probable loan losses	-330		-369		-352	
Total	244,396	-330	242,164	-369	249,103	-352

Doubtful and nonperforming loan receivables	30 Jun 2011	30 Jun 2010	31 Dec 2010
a) Doubtful loan receivables	92	116	104
b) Nonperforming loan receivables* included in doubtful loan receivables	13	20	17
c) Nonperforming loan receivables* not included in doubtful loan receivables	304	286	279
d) Individual provisions for loan receivables	62	83	73
e) Collective provisions for corporate market loans	25	50	38
f) Collective provisions for retail market loans	243	236	241
g) Total provisions (d+e+f)	330	369	352
h) Doubtful loan receivables after individual provisions (a-d)	30	33	31
i) Provision ratio for individual provisions (d/a)	67%	72%	70%

^{*} where cash flows are > 60 days past due

In certain partnerships on the lending side, it is possible for the partner to acquire brokered loans.

Note 5 Derivative instruments

Group 30 June 2011, SEK million	Assets measured at fair value	Liabilities measured at fair value	Total nominal amount
Interest-rate related Currency related	3,512 7,961	3,837 6,942	408,432 178,240
Total	11,473	10,779	586,672

Note 6 Operating segments

Risk-adjusted income statement

Group		Jan-Jun	2011			Jan-Jun	2010	
SEK million	Comsumer	Corporate	Finance	Total	Comsumer	Corporate	Finance	Total
Risk-adjusted income	543	144	-514	173	498	115	71	684
Risk-adjusted expenses	-261	-57	-53	-371	-250	-59	-48	-357
Tax	-74	-23	149	52	-65	-15	-6	-86
Risk-adjusted profit/loss after tax	208	64	-418	-146	183	41	17	241
RAROC*, after tax	12.8%	9.0%	-176.2%	-5.6%	11.0%	6.0%	5.6%	9.1%

^{*}Risk Adjusted Return On (economic) Capital, meaning risk-adjusted return after tax.

Operating-segment disclosures are risk adjusted. In the risk-adjusted follow-up of profit and loss, recognised equity is replaced by "Economic capital." "Economic capital" comprises the capital that SBAB Bank deems to be required to cover unexpected losses during the coming year. At 30 June 2011, "Economic capital" was lower than recognised equity, thus making the return on equity in the risk-adjusted income statement lower. Recognised loan losses were replaced by "Expected losses," in risk-adjusted expenses. For further information on "Economic capital" and "Expected losses", refer to pages 25 and 39 of the 2010 Annual Report.

Reconciliation

The following is a reconciliation between SBAB Bank's risk-adjusted income statement (as above) and SBAB Bank's external result.

Group SEK million	2011 Jan-Jun	2010 Jan-Jun
Risk-adjusted income Adjustment to return on recognised equity	173 13	684 21
Total net interest income and other operating income	186	705
Risk-adjusted expenses Adjustment to recognised loan losses	-371 55	-357 2
Expenses and loan losses	-316	-355
Risk-adjusted profit/loss before tax Tax according to risk-adjusted income statement	-198 52	327 -86
Risk-adjusted profit/loss after tax	-146	241
Risk-adjusted items Adjustment to return on recognised equity Adjustment to recognised loan losses Reversal of tax under risk-adjusted income statement	13 55 -52	21 2 86
Operating profit/loss	-130	350
Recognised tax	34	-93
Profit/loss for the period after tax	-96	257

Note 7 Reclassified assets

As of 1 July 2008, the fair value of the reclassified portfolio amounted to SEK 21.7 billion. The average effective compound interest rate used in the reclassification was 6.3%. At the same date, the fair value reserve attributable to these assets had a negative value of SEK 200 million, net after tax At 30 June 2011, the fair value of the assets would have amounted to SEK 12.6 billion had the assets continued to be recognised as "Available-for-sale financial assets." The carrying amount at 30 June 2011 was SEK 13.1 billion. At the same date, the fair value reserve attributable to the reclassified assets would have amounted to a negative SEK 0.4 billion, net after tax, had the assets continued to be recognised as "Available-for-sale financial assets." The reserve amounted to a negative SEK 67 million, net after tax, at 30 June 2011. After the reclassification date, SEK 180 million of the reserve before tax was reversed and exchange rate fluctuations had a negative impact of SEK 6 million before tax on the value of the reserve.

Income statement

Parent Company SEK million	2011 Q2	2011 Q1	2010 Q2	2011 Jan-Jun	2010 Jan-Jun	2010 Jan-Dec
Interest income Interest expenses	961 -989	764 -818	594 -439	1,725 -1,807	1,176 -889	2,226 -1,922
Net interest income/expense	-28	-54	155	-82	287	304
Dividends received Commission income Commission expenses Net income/expense from financial transactions Other operating income	13 30 -18 -100 107	- 27 -20 -43 108	14 28 -9 -39 102	13 57 -38 -143 215	14 54 -21 -41 205	114 109 -44 -201 431
Total operating income	4	18	251	22	498	713
Personnel costs Other expenses Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and amortisation of intangible fixed assets	-85 -89 -3	-83 -68	-82 -70	-168 -157 -6	-168 -135 -6	-317 -270 -12
Total expenses before loan losses	-177	-154	-155	-331	-309	-599
Profit/loss before loan losses	-173	-136	96	-309	189	114
Loan losses, net	11	16	-25	27	-29	-30
Operating profit/loss	-162	-120	71	-282	160	84
Tax	45	32	-14	77	-38	7
Profit/loss for the period	-117	-88	57	-205	122	91

Statement of comprehensive income

Parent Company SEK million	2011 Q2	2011 Q1	2010 Q2	2011 Jan-Jun	2010 Jan-Jun	2010 Jan-Dec
Profit/loss for the period	-117	-88	57	-205	122	91
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Change in reclassified financial assets, after tax Change in instruments used in cash flow hedging, after tax	5 -0	8 0	13 1	13 0	32 0	57 3
Other comprehensive income, net after tax	5	8	14	13	32	60
Total comprehensive income/loss for the period	-112	-80	71	-192	154	151

Parent Company's performance January-June 2011

Lending to the public amounted to SEK 30.7 million (35.3). The decline was due to credit being transferred to SCBC, which regularly acquires credit from SBAB Bank since SCBC does not conduct any proprietary new-lending activities.

SBAB Bank posted an operating loss of SEK 282 million (profit: 160). Operating income amounted to SEK 22 million (498). The development was largely due to lower net interest expense of SEK 82 million (income: 287). The average margin on the loan portfolio was stable in the second quarter. The sharp rise in market interest rates in the past year has impacted the management of interest risks between the Parent Company and subsidiaries. For the Parent Company, this resulted in an adverse impact on net interest income.

The net expense of financial items measured at fair value amounted to SEK 143 million (expense: 41), of which an

expense of SEK 100 million was attributable to the second quarter. Most of the result was due to market-value changes in basis swaps, comprising an expense of SEK 55 million for the second quarter and SEK 115 for the period as a whole.

Expenses of SEK 331 million (309) were somewhat higher than in the year-earlier period due to the continued development of SBAB Bank's product offering. Loan losses declined as a result of lower provisions and the redemption of collective provisions for corporate market loans and amounted to SEK 27 million (loss: 29).

The Parent Company has favourable capital adequacy. Without taking the transitional regulations into account, the Tier 1 capital ratio and capital adequacy ratio were 37.5% (39.6) and 46.7% (47.3), respectively.

Balance sheet

Parent Company SEK million	30 Jun 2011	30 Jun 2010	31 Dec 2010
	00 7011 2011	00 3011 2010	
ASSETS Cash and balances at central banks	0	0	0
	0	7 404	0
Chargeable treasury bills and other eligible bills Lending to credit institutions (Note 8)	2,029 52,035	3,494 46,673	2,365 50,265
Lending to the public	30,653	35,566	35,298
Value change of interest-rate-hedged items in portfolio hedges	-11	-19	-14
Bonds and other interest-bearing securities	47,503	36,190	37,985
Derivative instruments	8,936	10,837	10,326
Shares and participations in joint ventures	637	535	587
Shares and participations in Group companies	9,600	9,600	9,600
Intangible fixed assets	7	5	5
Property, plant and equipment	29	22	28
Other assets	984	1,682	515
Prepaid expenses and accrued income	687	494	634
TOTAL ASSETS	153,089	145,079	147,594
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Liabilities Liabilities to credit institutions Deposits from the public Debt securities in issue Derivative instruments Other liabilities Accrued expenses and prepaid income Provisions Subordinated liabilities	9,994 6,180 114,226 7,798 573 690 142 5,957	8,932 5,152 107,653 8,606 434 530 328 5,720	9,975 6,083 107,223 9,838 242 790 214 5,508
Total liabilities	145,560	137,355	139,873
Equity Share capital Legal reserve Fair value reserve Retained earnings Profit/loss for the year	1,958 392 -67 5,451 -205	1,958 392 -108 5,360 122	1,958 392 -80 5,360 91
Total equity	7,529	7,724	7,721
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	153,089	145,079	147,594
IOIAL LIABILITIES AND EGOITT	155,069	145,079	147,374

Capital adequacy

Parent Company SEK million	30 Jun 2011	30 Jun 2010	31 Dec 2010
Core Tier 1 capital Tier 1 capital Total capital	7,560	7,806	7,653
	10,554	10,800	10,647
	13,133	13,039	12,711
Without transition rules Risk-weighted assets Core Tier 1 capital ratio Tier 1 capital ratio Capital adequacy ratio Capital quotient	28,117	27,954	26,891
	26.9%	27.9%	28.5%
	37.5%	38.6%	39.6%
	46.7%	46.7%	47.3%
	5.84	5.83	5.91
With transition rules Risk-weighted assets Core Tier 1 capital ratio Tier 1 capital ratio Capital adequacy ratio Capital quotient	28,834	31,507	28,876
	26.2%	24.8%	26.5%
	36.6%	34.3%	36.9%
	45.5%	41.4%	44.0%
	5.69	5.17	5.50

Note 8 Lending to credit institutions

Of the Parent Company's lending to credit institutions, SEK 33,277 million (38,363) relates to a receivable from the wholly owned subsidiary The Swedish Covered Bond Corporation, SCBC (publ). This receivable is subordinated in the event of bankruptcy or liquidation, which means that payment is received only after other creditors of the subsidiary have been paid.

Review Report

To the Board of SBAB Bank AB (publ) Corporate registration number 556253-7513

Introduction

We have reviewed the interim report of SBAB Bank AB (publ), corp. reg. no. 556253-7513, for the period 1 January 2011 – 30 June 2011. The Board of Directors and the CEO are responsible for preparing and presenting this interim report in accordance with IAS 34 and the Annual Accounts (Credit Institutions and Securities Companies) Act. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this interim report, based on our review.

The direction and extent of the review
We have performed this review in accordance with the
Swedish Standard on Review Engagements SÖG 2410
Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by
the Independent Auditor of the Entity. A review consists
of making enquiries, primarily to persons responsible
for financial and accounting matters, performing an
analytical review and undertaking other review measures. A review has another direction and is substantially

more limited in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the Auditing Standard in Sweden (RS) and generally accepted auditing practice otherwise. The measures undertaken in a review do not permit us to be certain that we have become aware of all significant matters that might have been identified in an audit. The expressed conclusion based on a review does not therefore have the degree of certainty that a conclusion expressed as a result of an audit has.

Conclusion

On the basis of our review, nothing has come to our attention which gives us cause to believe that the enclosed interim report has not been prepared, in all essentials, in accordance with IAS 34 and the Annual Accounts (Credit Institutions and Securities Companies) Act for the Group and in accordance with the Annual Accounts (Credit Institutions and Securities Companies) Act for the Parent Company.

Stockholm, 22 July 2011 Öhrlings PricewaterhouseCoopers AB

Catarina Ericsson

Authorised Public Accountant

SBAB BANK

SBAB Bank AB (publ)